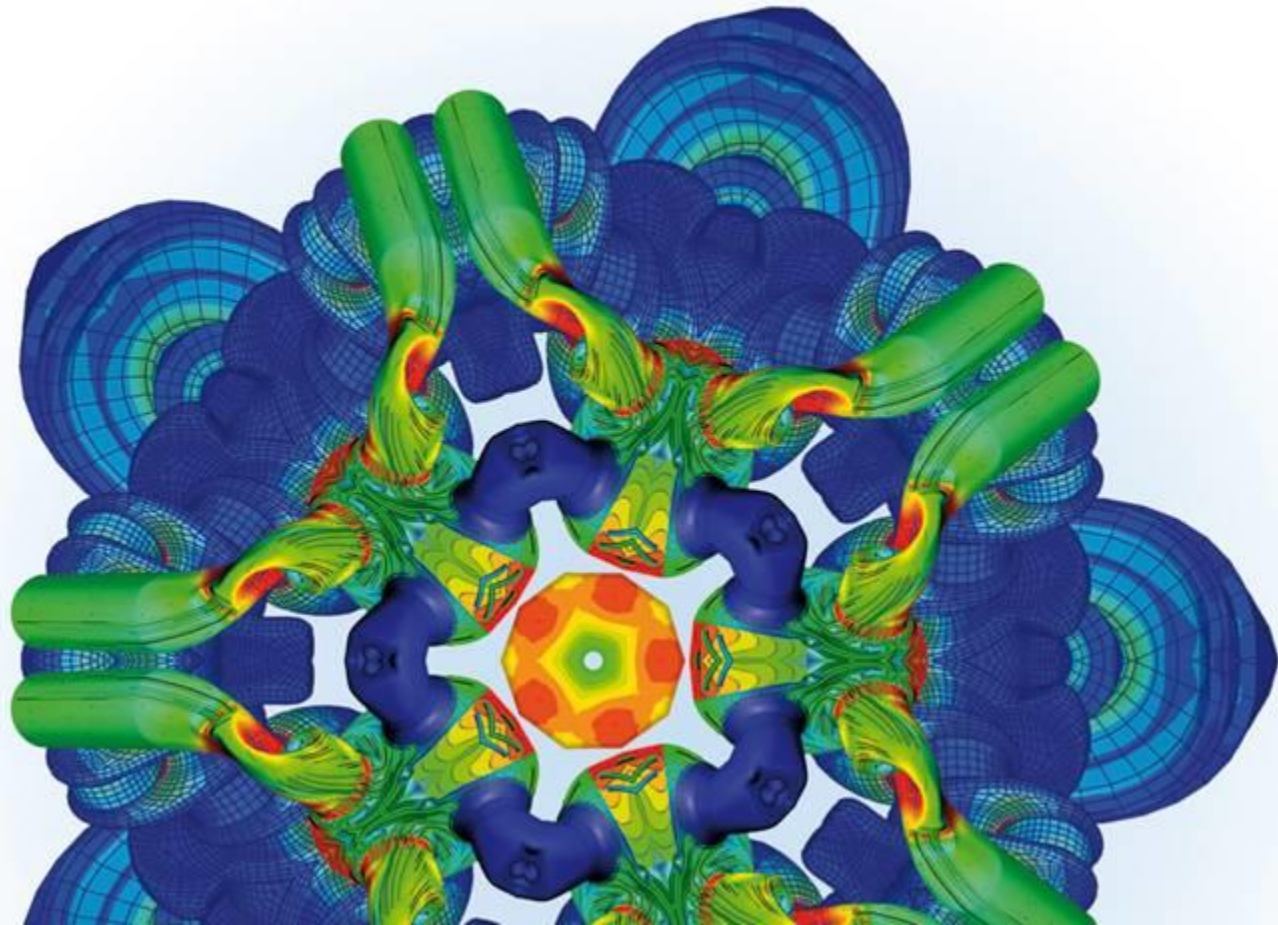


AVL BUSINESS UNIT AST Advanced Simulation Technologies

SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS
AND
METHOD DEVELOPMENT



CONTENT

Content

- Overview on AST and AST Tools & Services
- CRUISE → From concept to testing
- EXCITE → Durability and NVH of Power Unit and Drivelines
- 1D CFD
 - BOOST → 1D Thermodynamic Simulation
 - HYDSIM → Injector Simulation
- FIRE → 3D CFD Thermodynamic Simulation

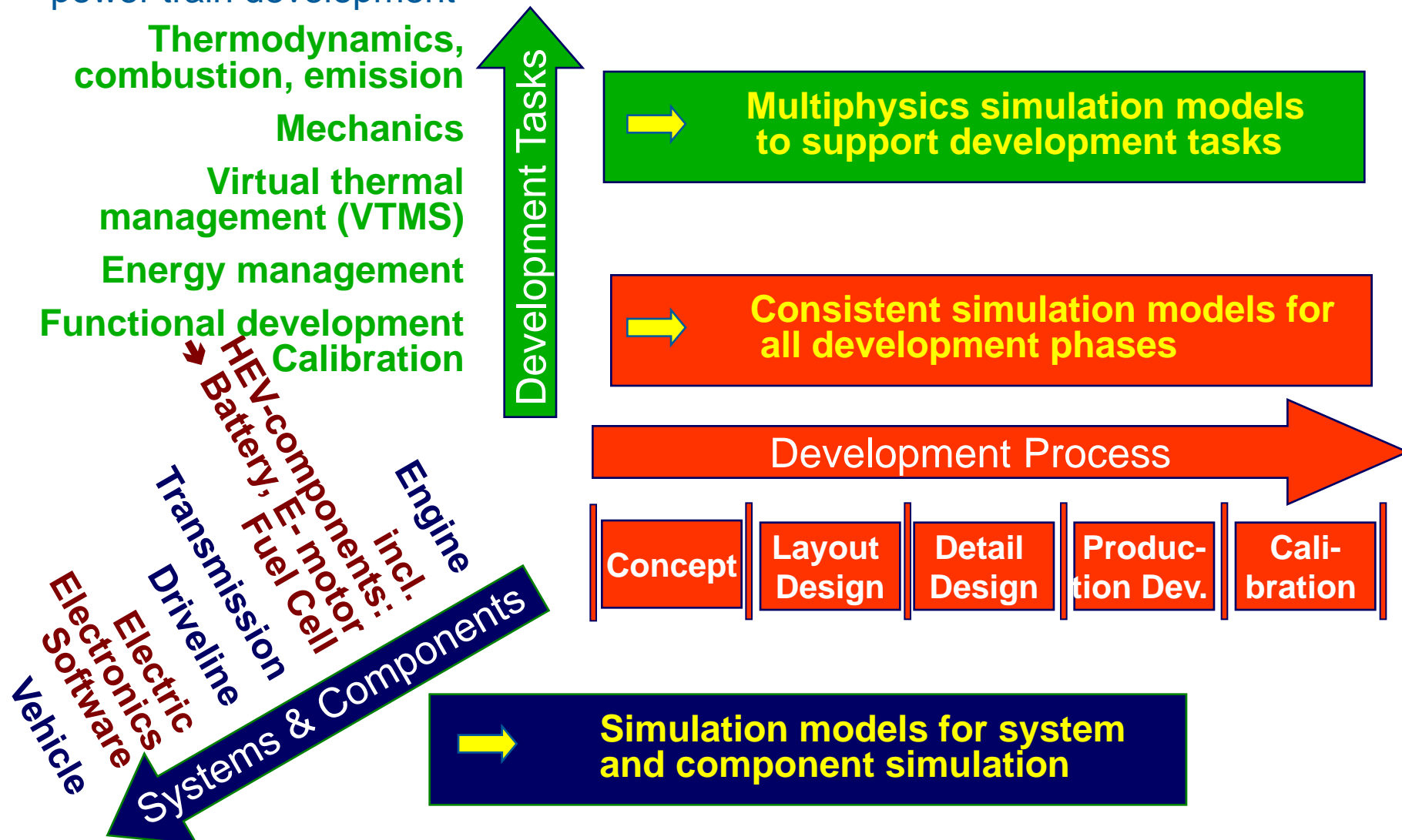
AST INTRODUCTION

Basics

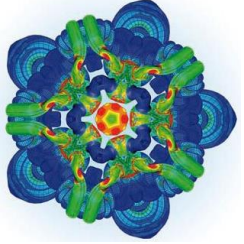
- AST is separate business unit within AVL and works close together with the other business units ITS and PTE (even shares simulation teams)
- AST actually as about 140 employees worldwide
- AST has local support and development teams
- AST tasks:
 - Software development
 - Simulation services (technical and customer oriented support, method development (R&D, J&R) and problem solving projects)
 - → AST support engineers have a lot of engineering and project experience

THE POWERTRAIN DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

The Challenge: Cover all simulation requirements for power train development



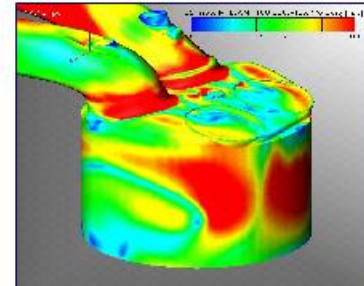
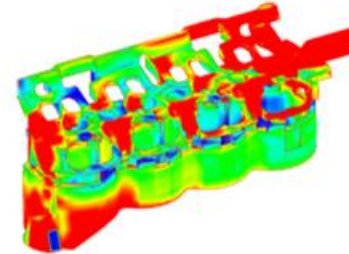
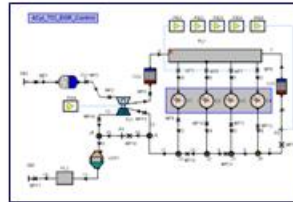
THE SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS TO SUPPORT THE POWERTRAIN DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



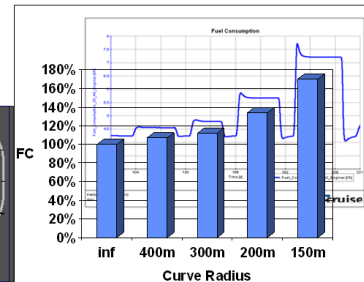
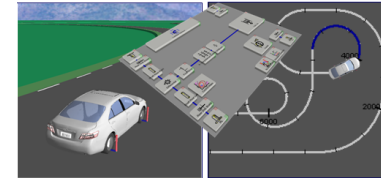
Advanced Simulation Technologies-
Simulation models for system and component simulation



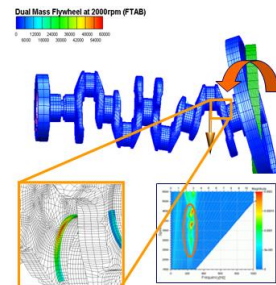
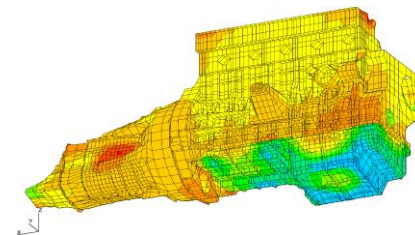
**Complete IC-engine
simulation platform**



**Driving performance
& emission analysis**



**Powertrain & drive line
durability and NVH analysis**



**..... interfacing and integrating
other AVL software and 3rd party software**

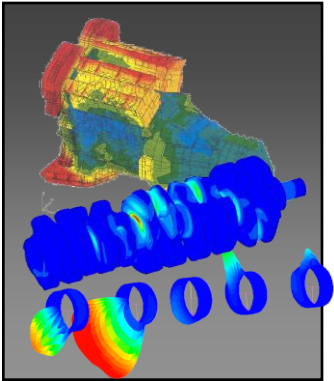
AST SOFTWARE PRODUCTS / MECHANICAL APPLICATION OVERVIEW



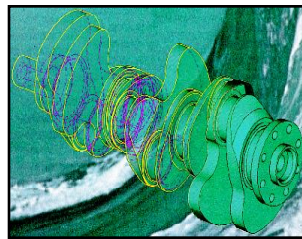
AST – The Products

Structure Dynamics

 EXCITE POWER UNIT

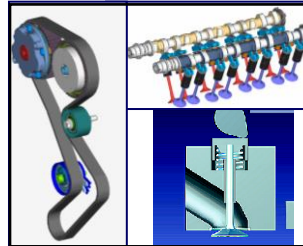


 EXCITE DESIGNER



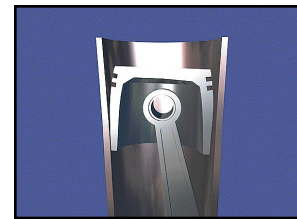
Crank Train
Design Analysis

 EXCITE TIMING DRIVE



Valve Train Analysis,
Timing Drive Dynamics

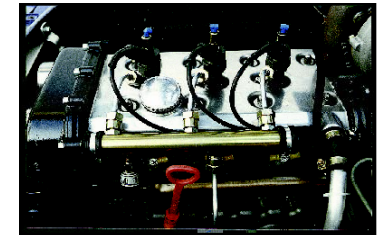
 EXCITE PISTON&RINGS



Piston Dynamics
Oil Consumption

Hydraulics

 HYDSIM



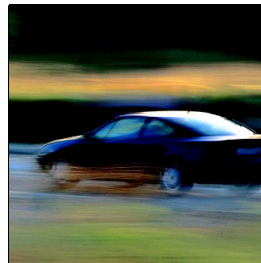
Injection System Simulation

EXCITE Timing Drive, EXCITE Piston & Rings and HYDSIM are Used for
Pre-Calculation of Necessary Additional Excitations

EXCITE is the Central Tool
for NVH and Durability
Analysis

Drive Cycle Simulation

 CRUISE



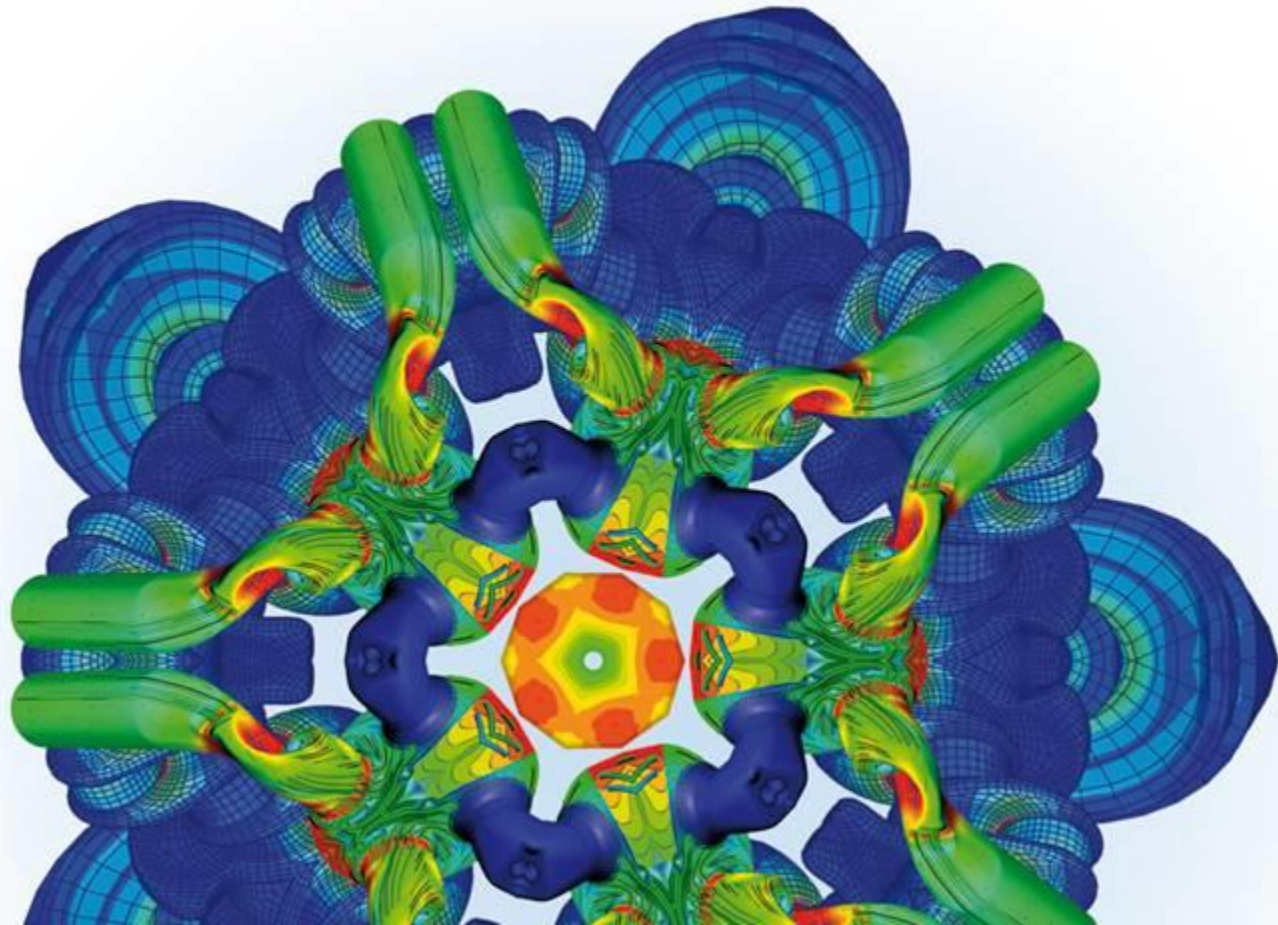
Vehicle Simulation:
Driving Performance,
Fuel Consumption,
Emissions

CRUISE – VEHICLE SYSTEM AND DRIVELINE ANALYSIS

FROM CONCEPT TO TESTING



AVL

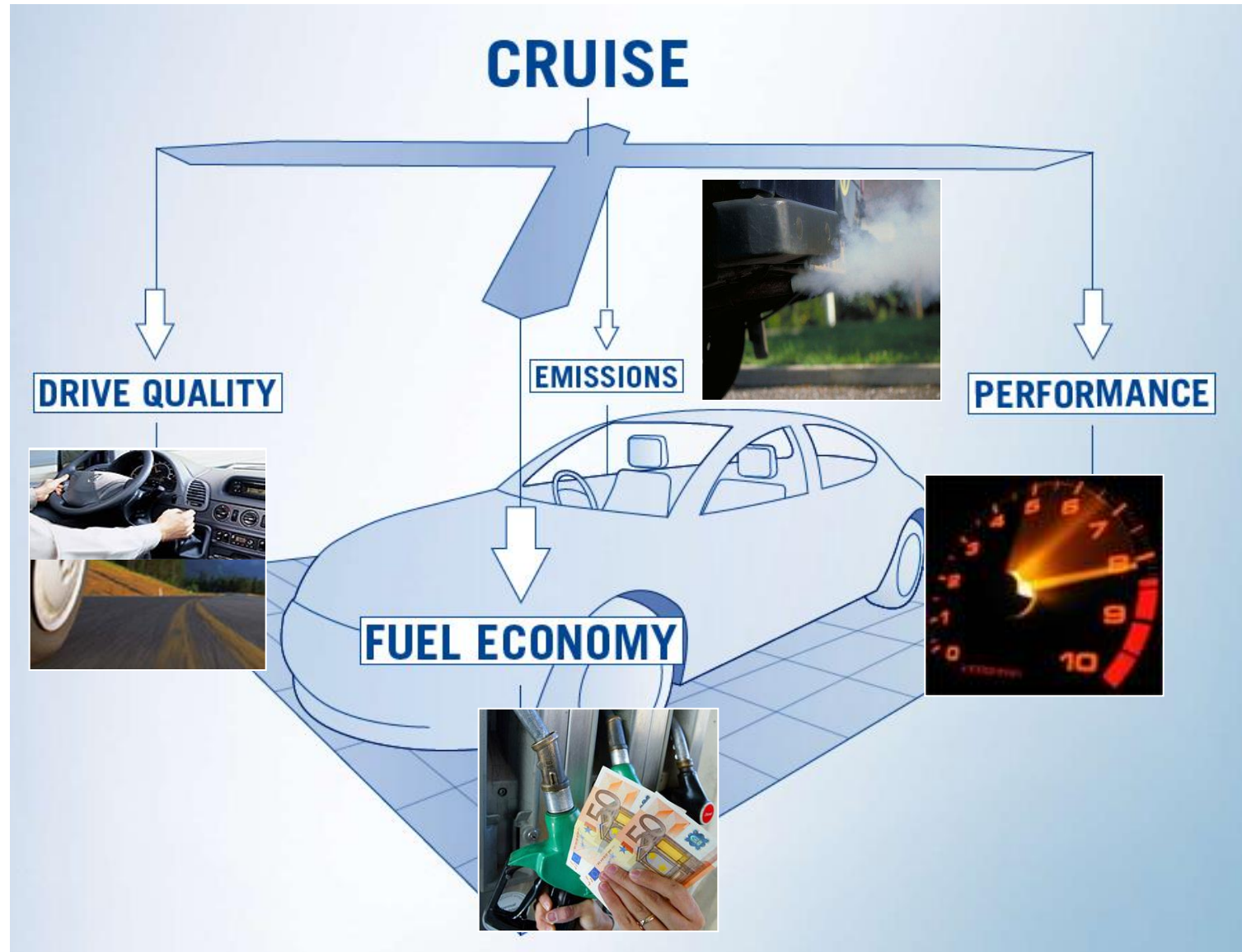




CRUISE VEHICLE SYSTEM SIMULATION – FINDING THE BEST COMPROMISE FOR YOUR TARGETS



AVL





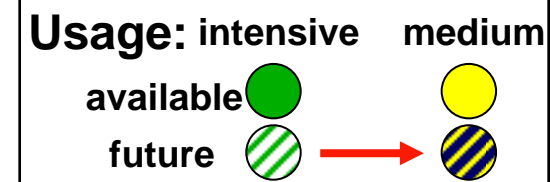
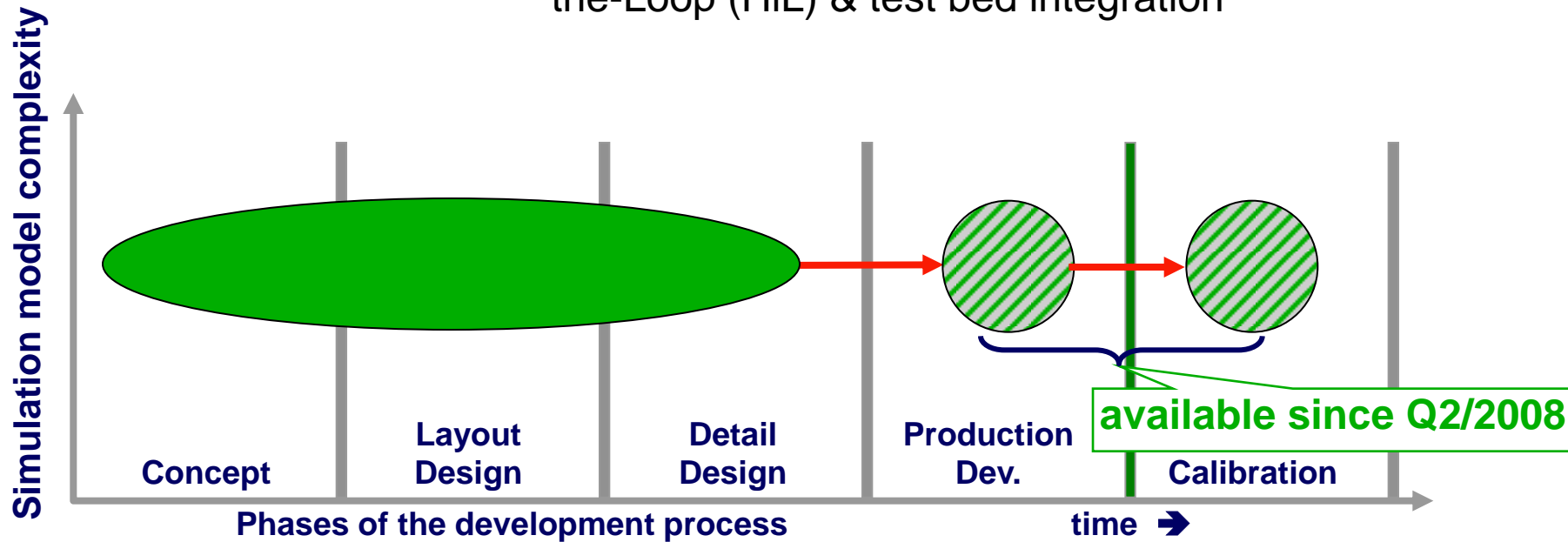
CRUISE SYSTEM SIMULATION – AN INTEGRATED PART OF THE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



Consistent simulation models for all development phases

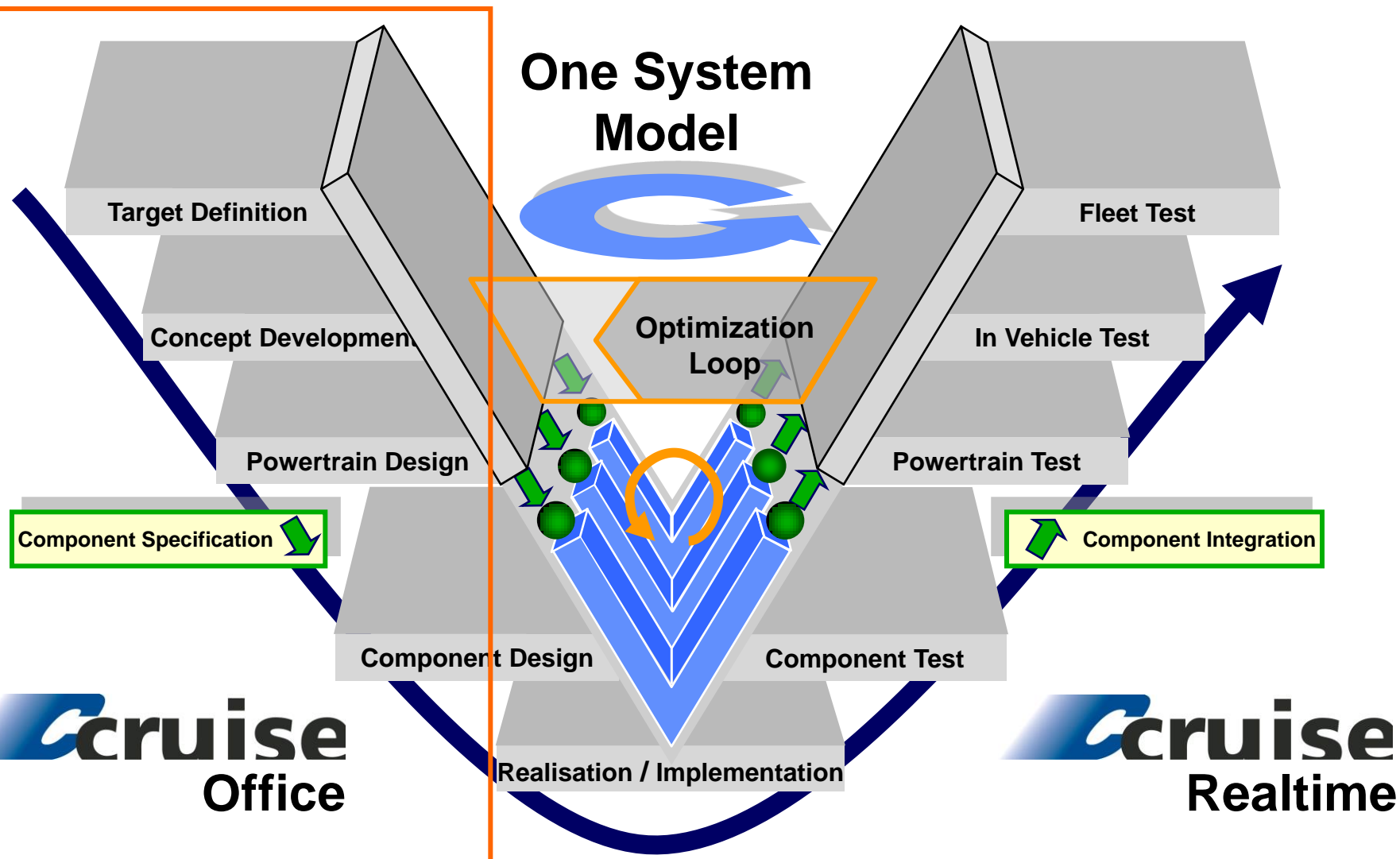
The Benefit:

→ Component and subsystem testing by Hardware-in-the-Loop (HiL) & test bed integration





CRUISE SYSTEM SIMULATION – AN INTEGRATED PART OF THE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

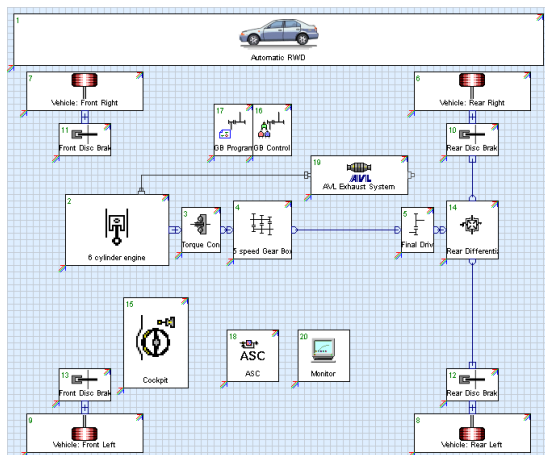




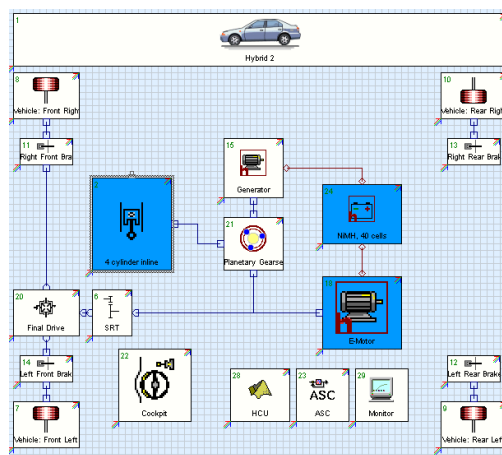
SOME EXAMPLES OF VEHICLE SYSTEM MODELS



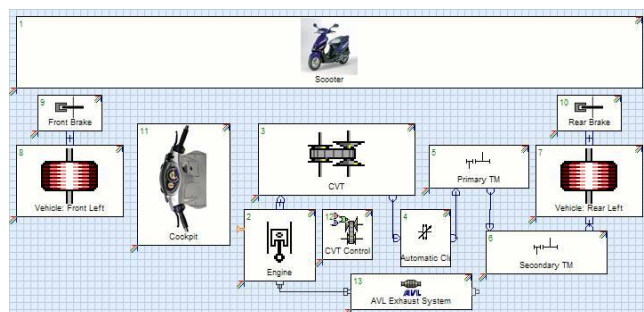
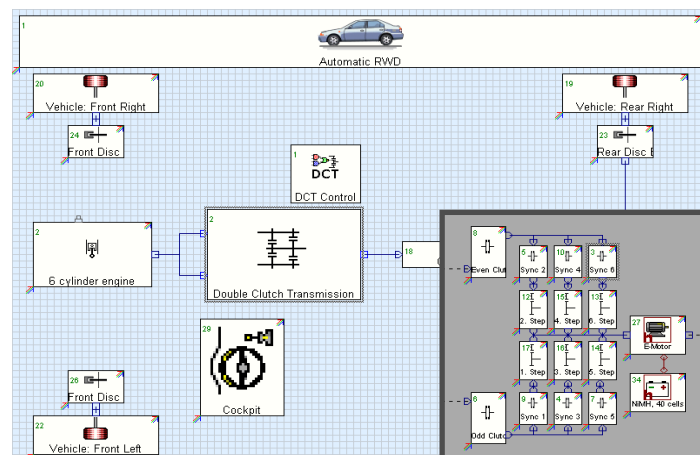
Conventional Passenger Cars



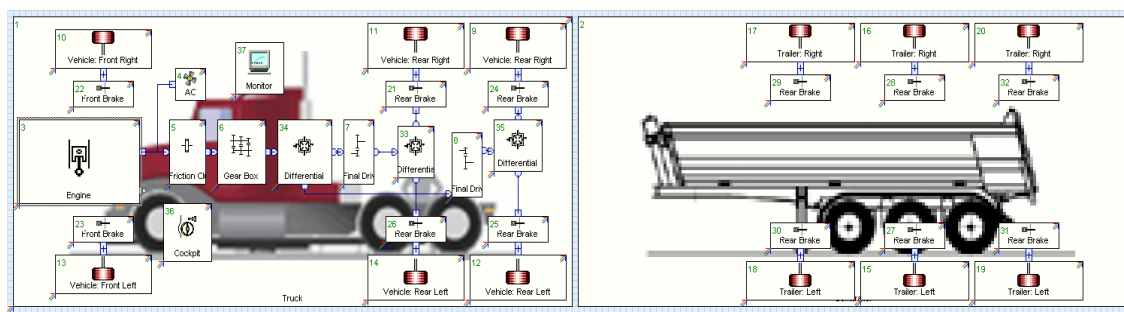
Hybrid Vehicles



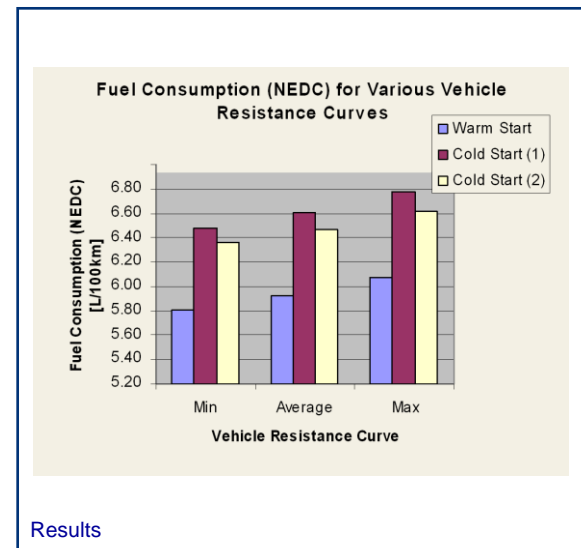
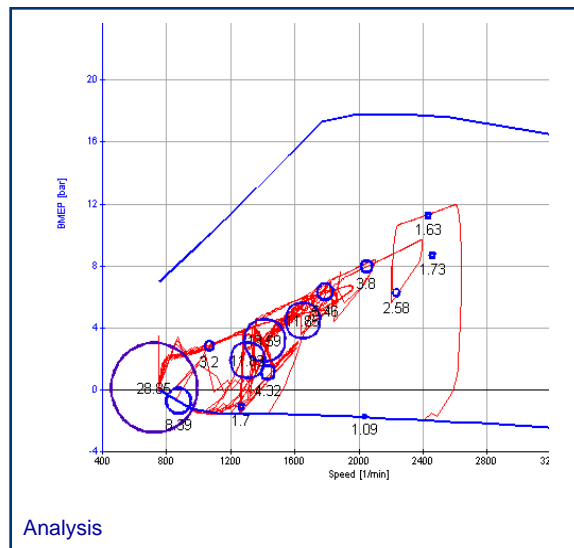
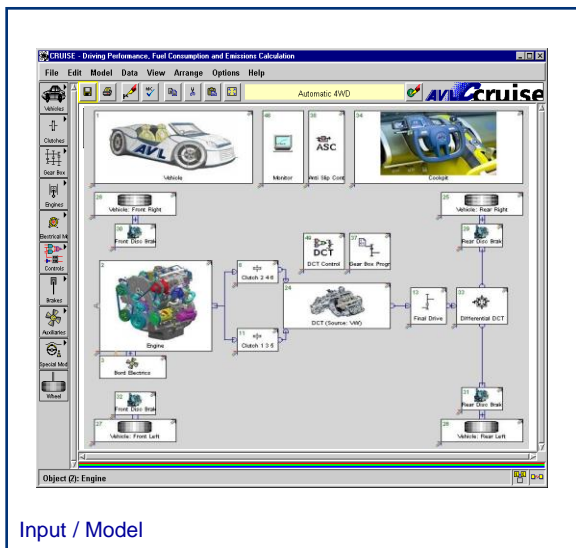
Advanced Transmission Concepts



Motorbikes CVT-Scooters



Trucks Busses Special Purpose Vehicles Trailers



Task description / Input, Output

Prediction of drive cycle fuel consumption and raw emissions of passenger cars, commercial vehicles and other engine applications, based on measured or predicted steady state FC and emission maps within legal or custom defined driving or operation cycles;

Results are limited by the steady-state maps of the engine;

Development value / insight

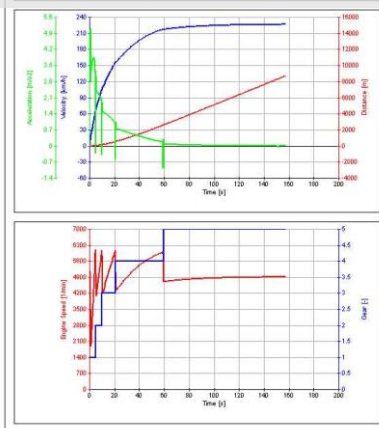
- Influence of vehicle parameters (vehicle weight, wheels, final drive, etc.) on expected FC and emissions
- Influence of powertrain (topology -manual vs. automated transmission, auxiliaries, hybrids, etc.)
- Optimization of powertrain & auxiliary operation strategy (gear shifting program, ..)
- Definition of steady state test-bed load points (prediction of cycle results)



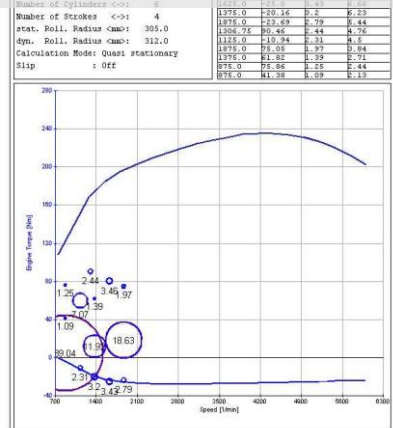
ALL STANDARD VEHICLE ANALYSIS METHODS INCLUDES



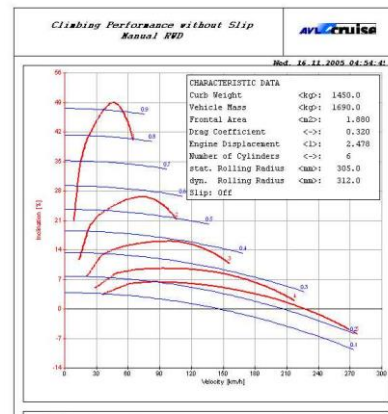
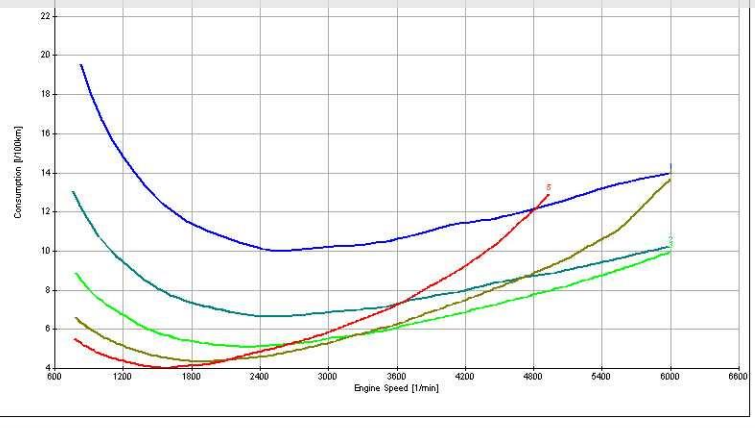
FULL LOAD ACCELERATION



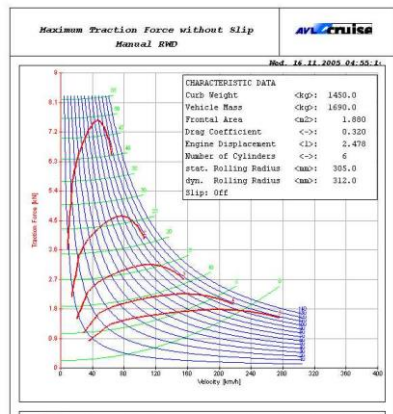
FUEL ECONOMY DUTY CYCLES



CONSTANT SPEED PART LOAD ANALYSIS



HILL CLIMBING PERFORMANCE



TRACTION FORCE DIAGRAMS



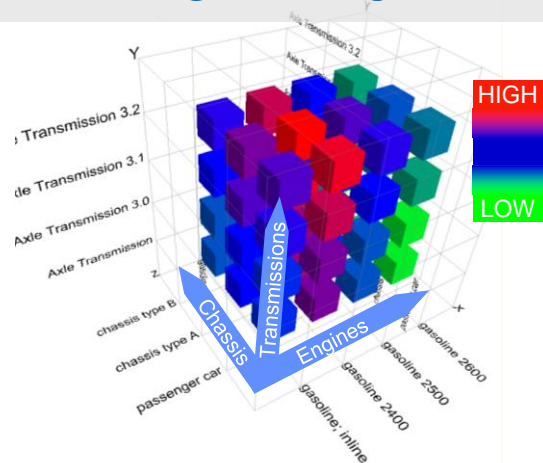
TRACTION PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS



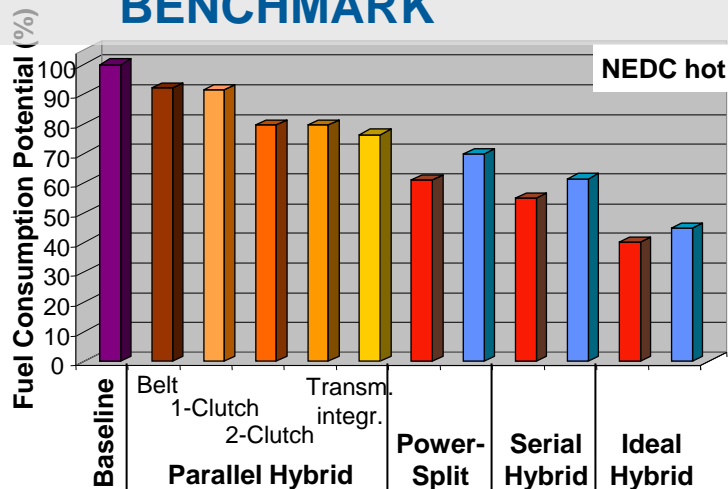
APPLICATION EXAMPLES



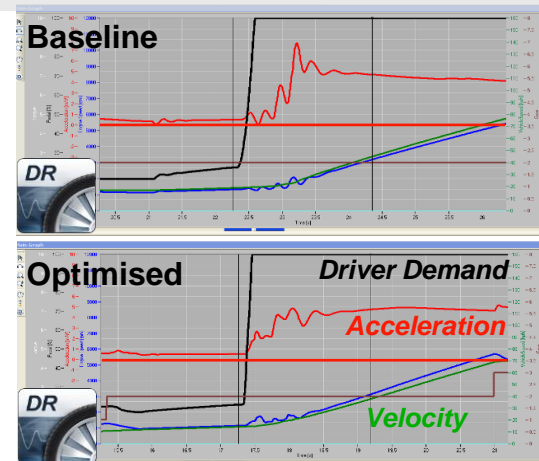
FUEL ECONOMY PERFORMANCE



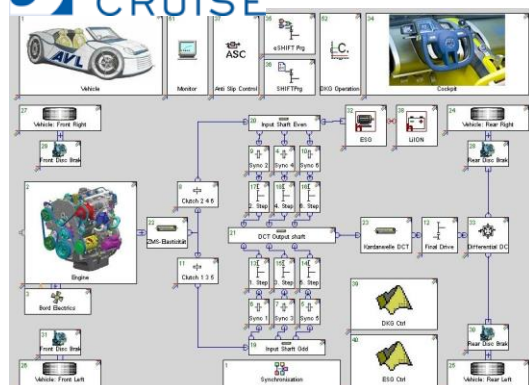
CONCEPT POTENTIAL BENCHMARK



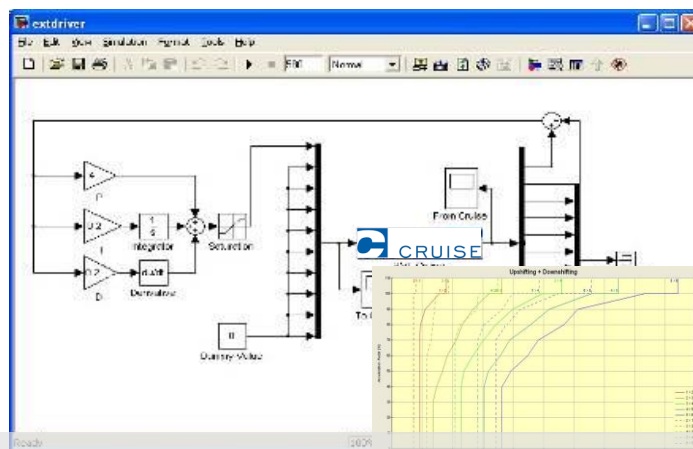
DRIVEABILITY SHIFTING QUALITY



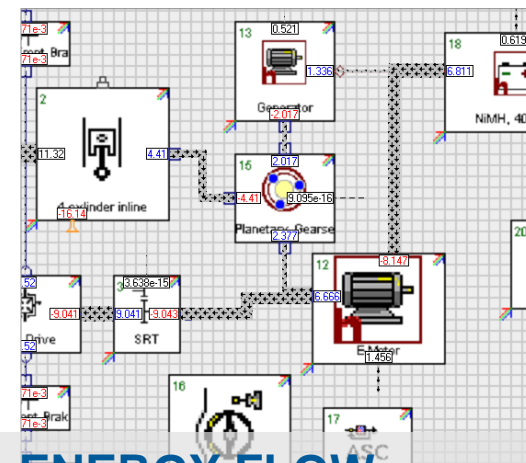
CRUISE



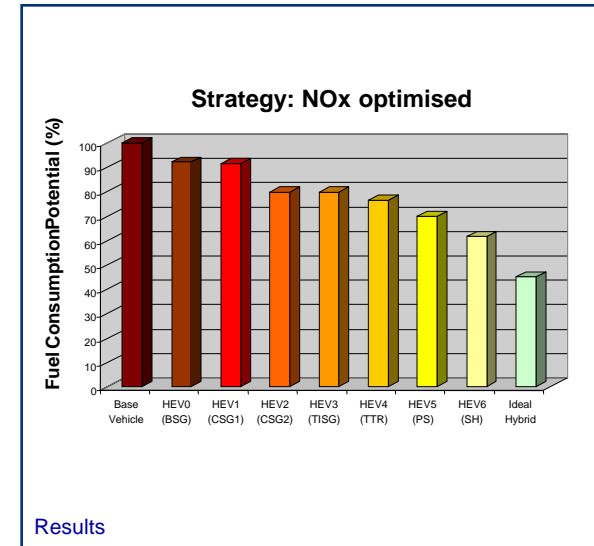
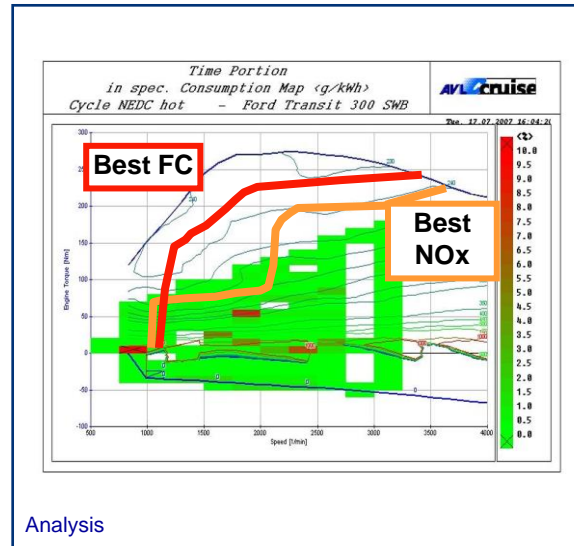
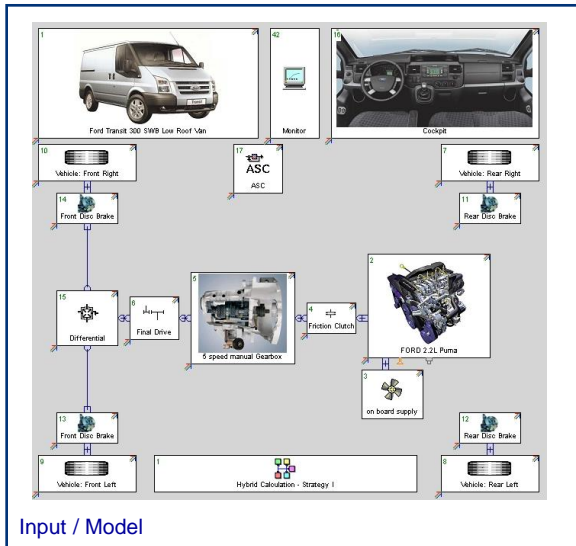
TRANSMISSIONS HYBRID SYSTEMS



CONTROL FUNCTIONS CALIBRATION



ENERGY FLOW LOSS POWER



Task description / Input, Output

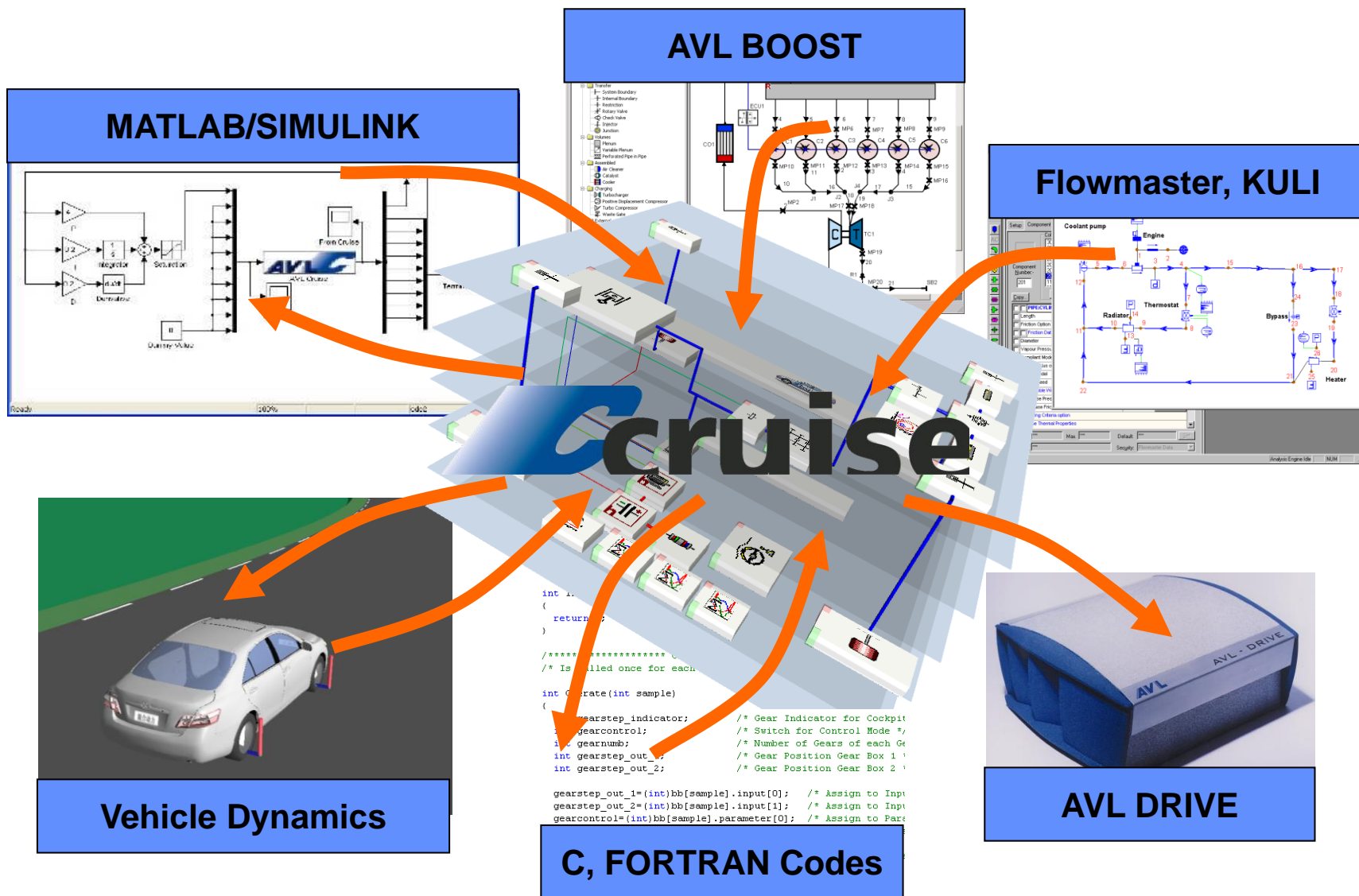
Estimation of the fuel consumption and emissions potential of different hybrid topologies based on a CRUISE simulation of a conventional, baseline vehicle

Input: conventional vehicle model, driving and duty cycles

Output: prediction of fuel consumption and emissions

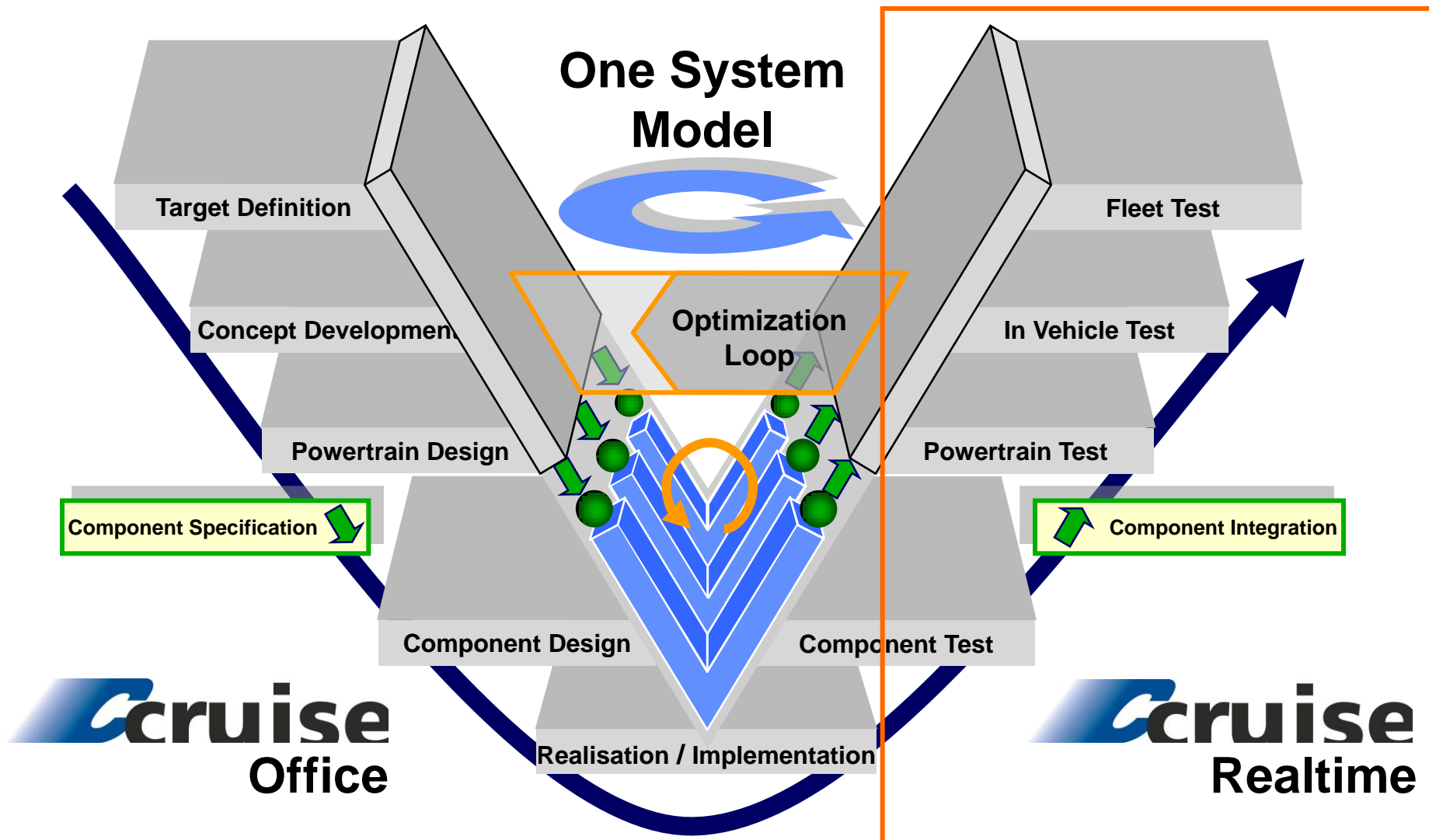
Development value / insight

- Influence of
 - topology
 - component performance
 - basic control functions and strategy
- on fuel consumption and emission

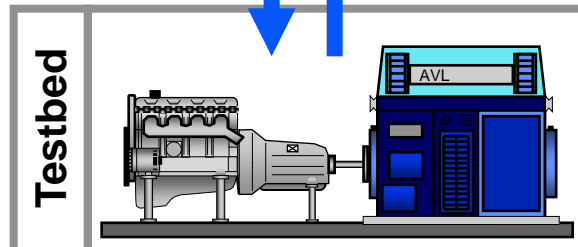
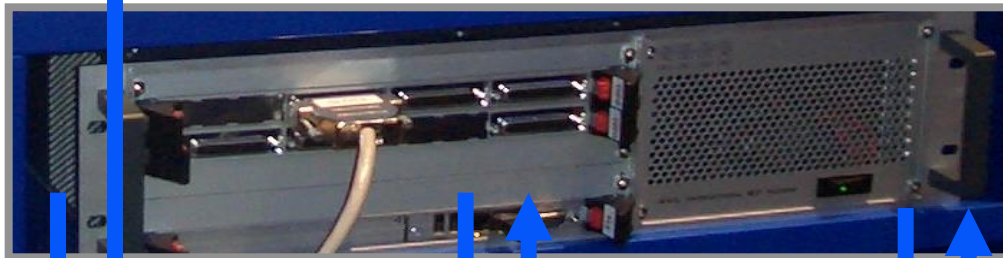
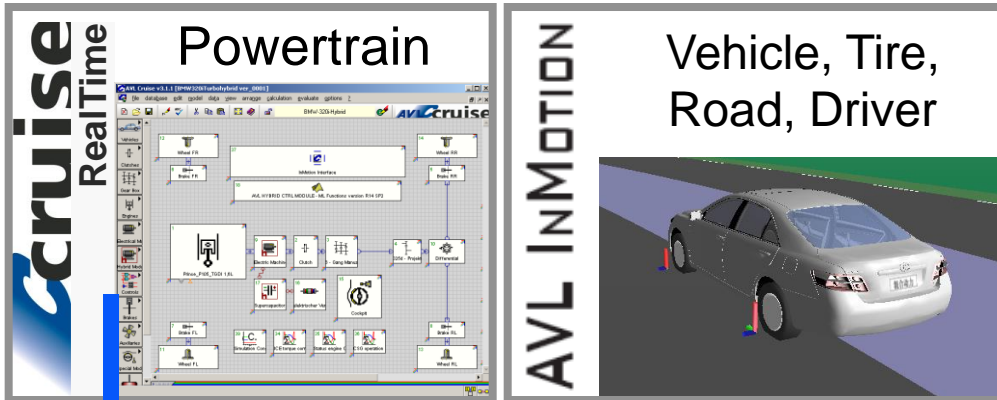


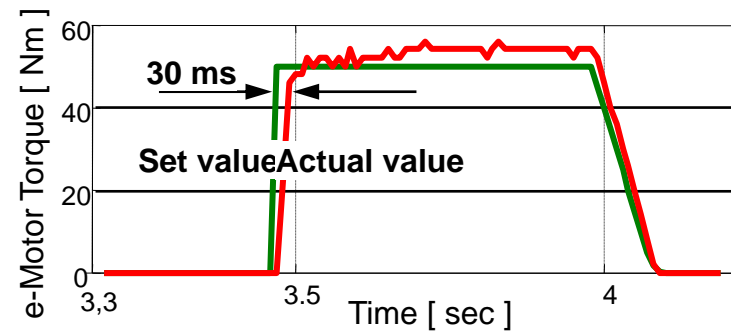
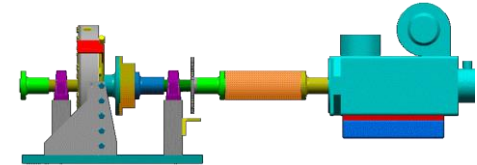
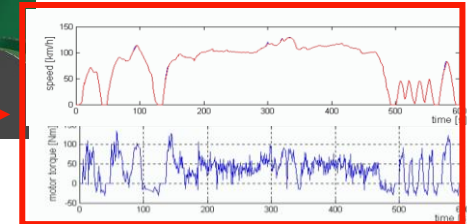
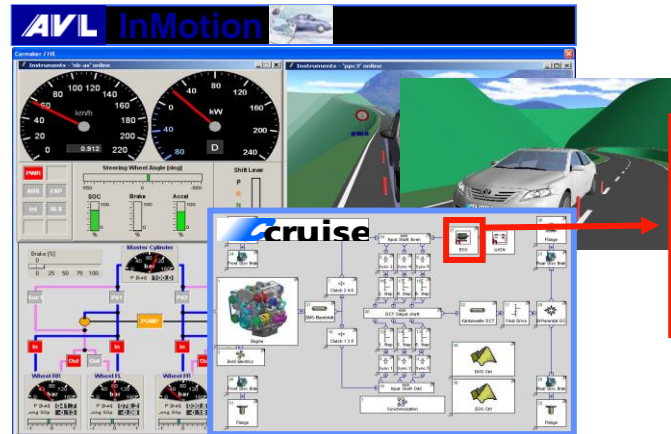
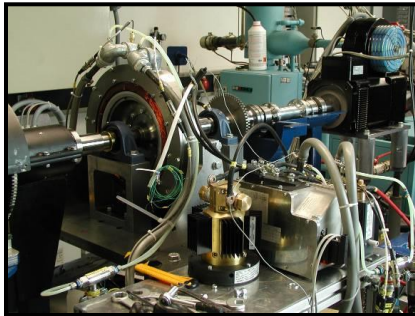
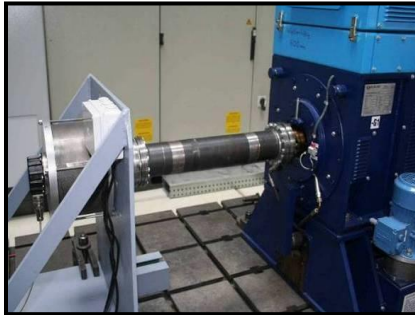
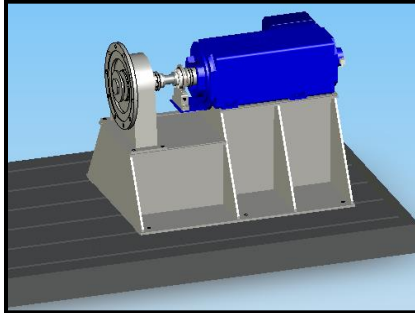


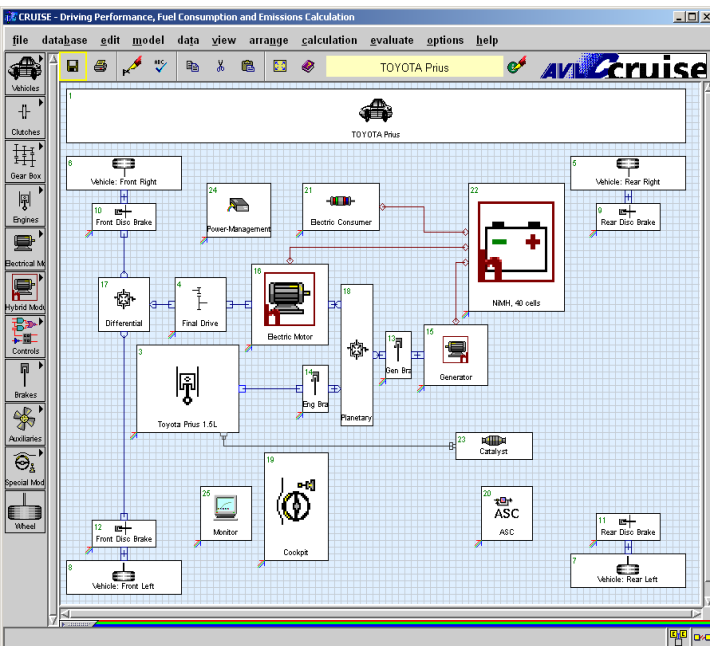
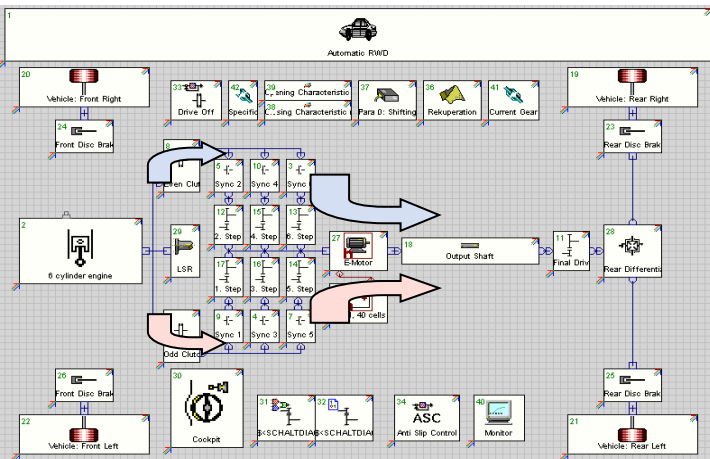
CRUISE SYSTEM SIMULATION AN INTEGRATED PART OF THE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



AVL InMotion RT Node







§ Flexibility to change driveline configurations within minutes

- Hybridization of a conventional vehicle with a few mouse clicks
- Advanced transmission concepts (AMT, DCT, ...)
- Electrical components esp. designed for HEVs
- More time to focus on HEV engineering tasks

§ System model fidelity can easily be adjusted

- Starting with only a few input parameters in the early phases
- Model maturity is growing during the development process

§ Database functionality for an efficient exchange of data between teams

§ All application tasks are fully implemented

§ Streamlined workflows included

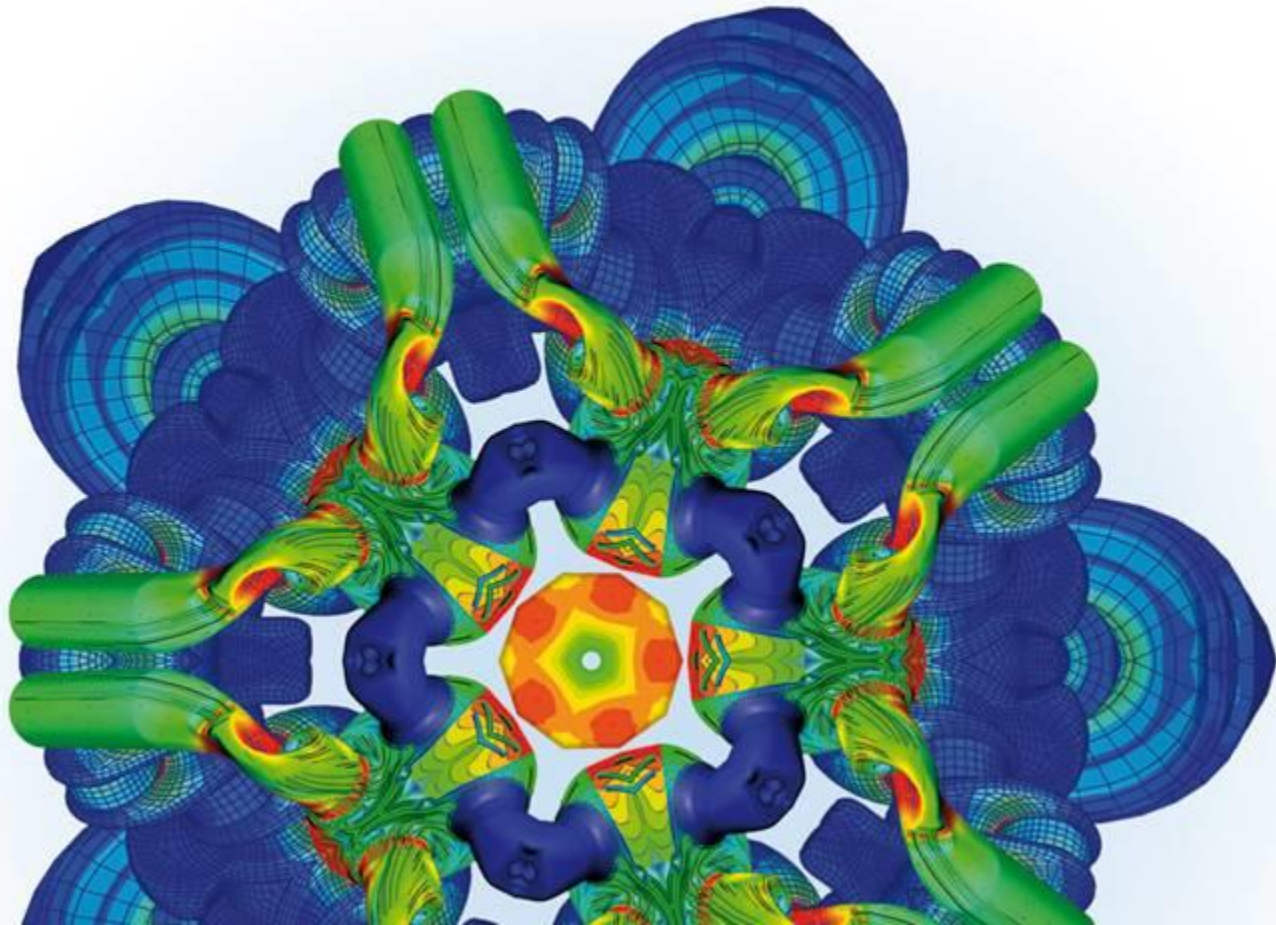
- Parameter optimization
- Component matching
- Sub-system integration

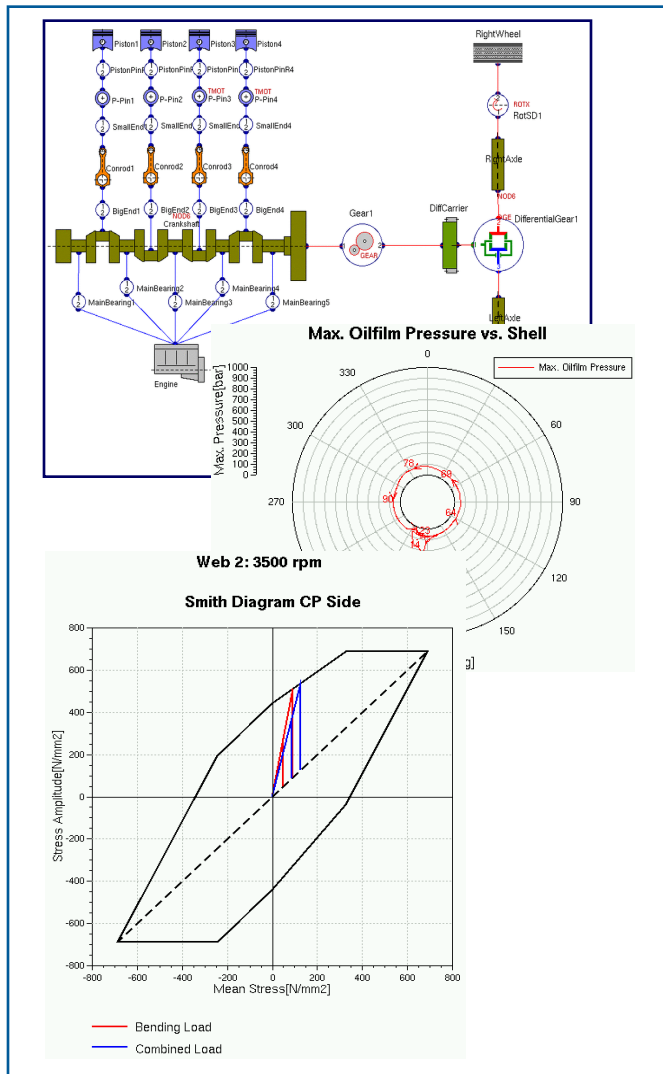
AVL EXCITE

DURABILITY AND NVH OF POWER UNITS AND DRIVELINES



AVL





Calculation model and main capabilities

- Torsional mass – spring system
- Linear calculation model – solution in frequency domain
- Hydrodynamic radial slider bearing

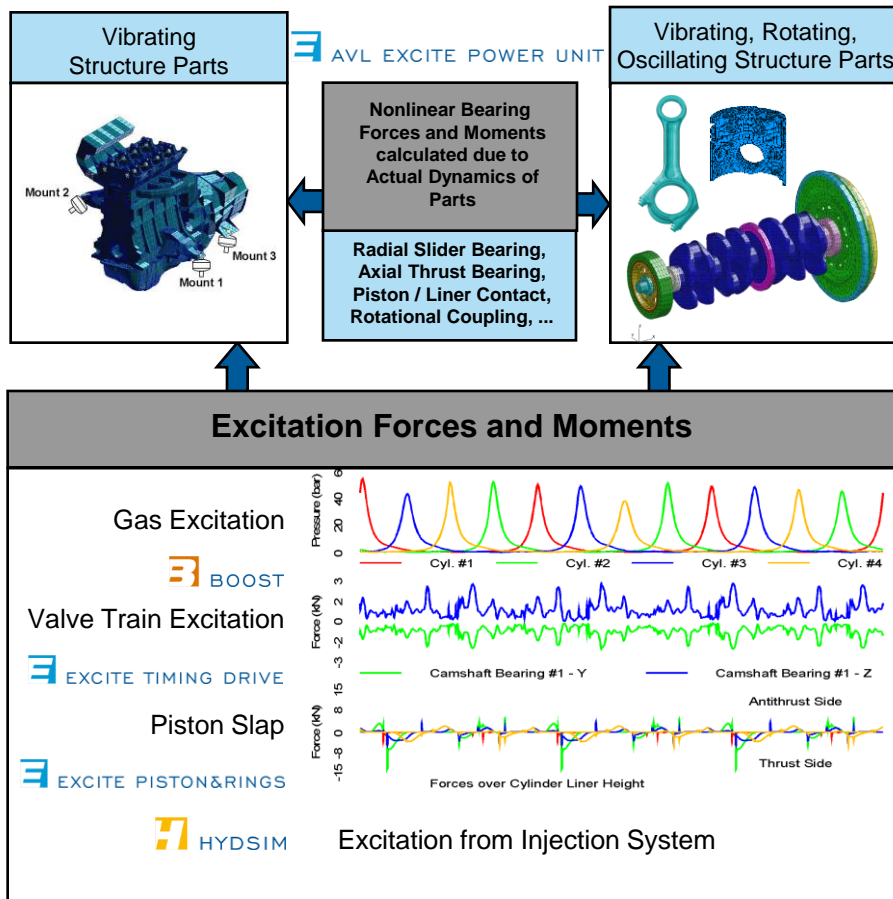
Area of application

Layout and design of crank train

- Torsional crankshaft vibrations
- Hydrodynamic bearing analysis
- Crankshaft fatigue strength
- Ignition timing, cylinder deactivation, misfiring

Vehicle drive line & test bed analysis

- Torsional vibrations of drive lines
- Torsional stresses in drive train shafts
- Optimization of test bed shaft couplings



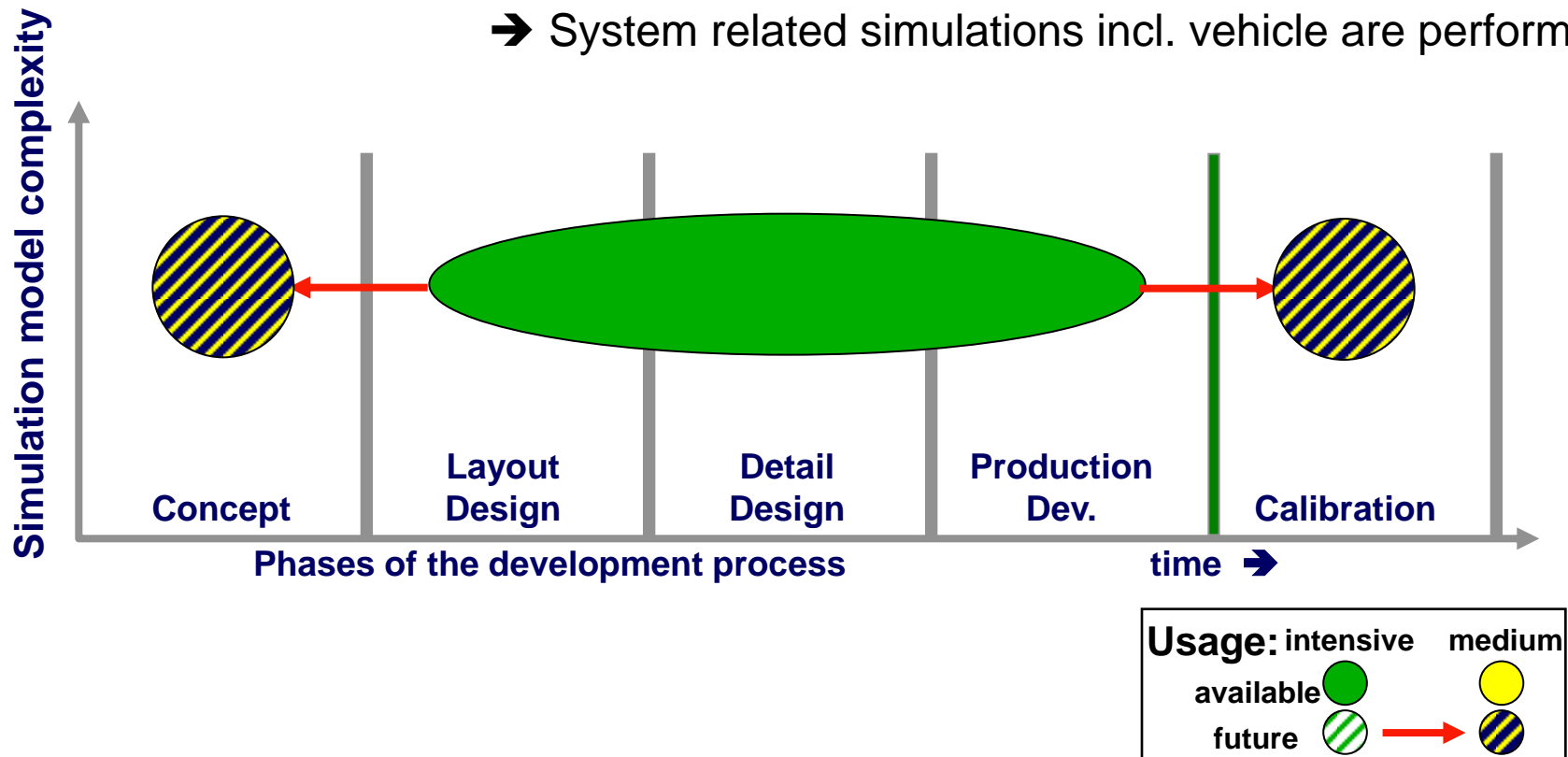
Solution

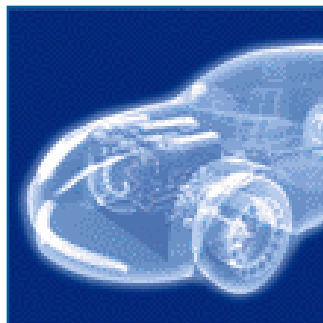
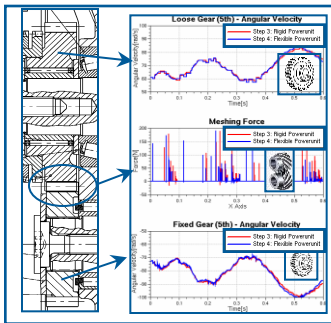
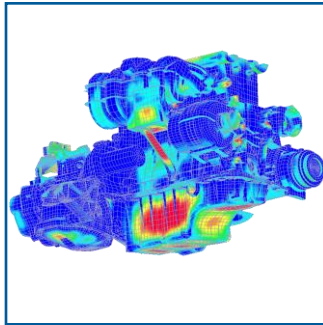
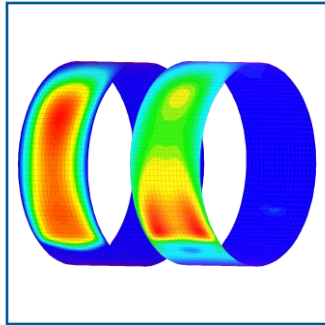
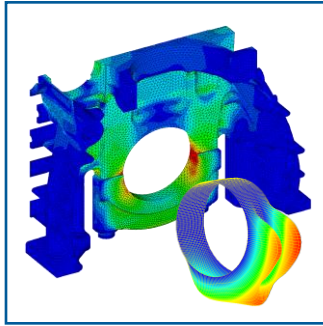
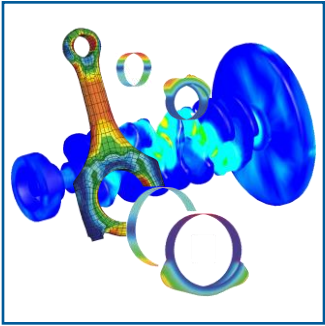
- Elastic/rigid bodies interacting via non-linear joints
- Vibrating, rotating and oscillating elastic structure parts represented by condensed FE models (CMS)
- Various contact models up to highly complex thermo elasto-hydrodynamic joints including mixed lubrication
- Non-linear transient forced vibration analysis in time domain
- Excited by external forces

Consistent simulation models for all development phases

The Benefit:

- Concept design is supported by fast models based on EXCITE
- System related simulations incl. vehicle are performed

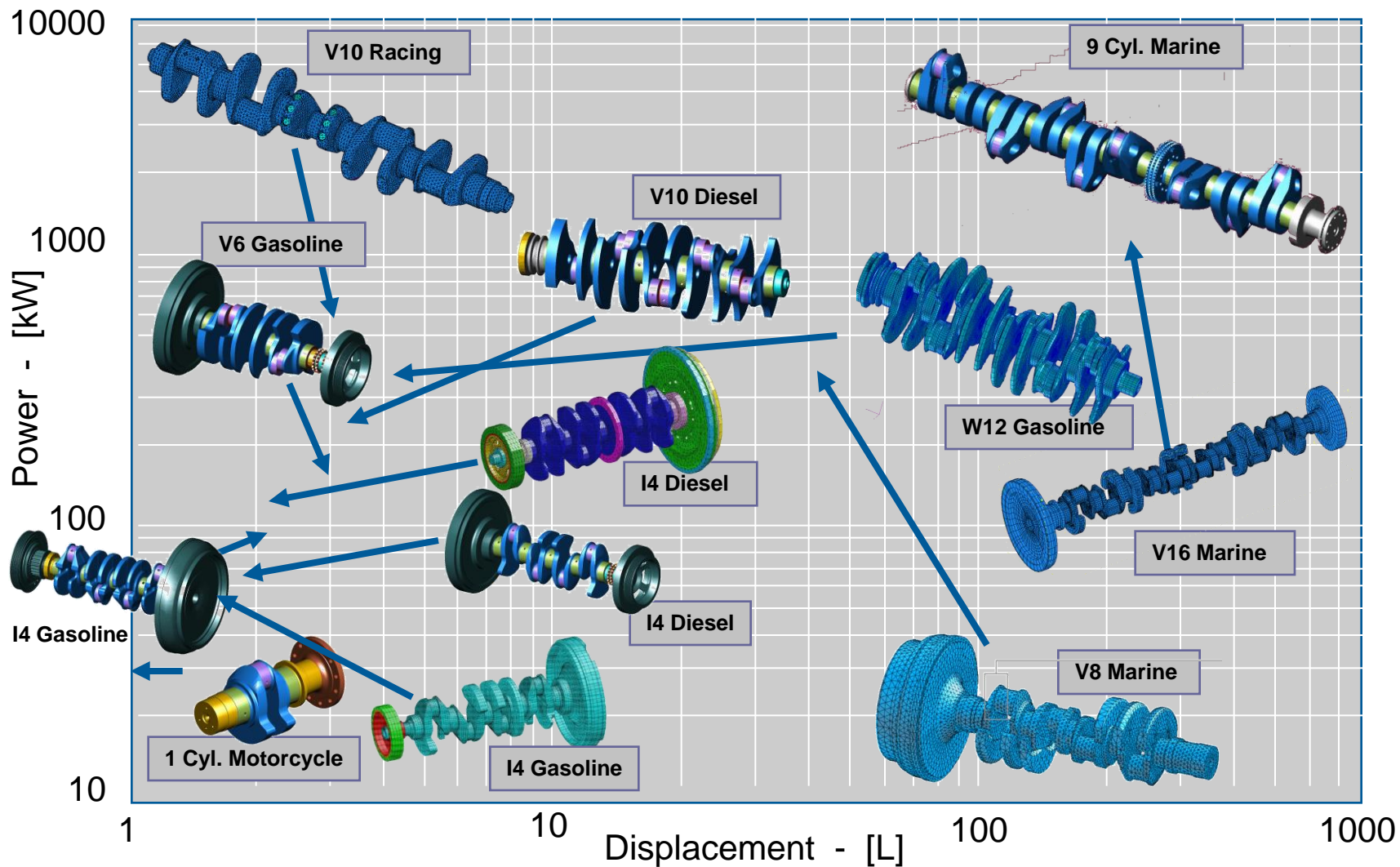


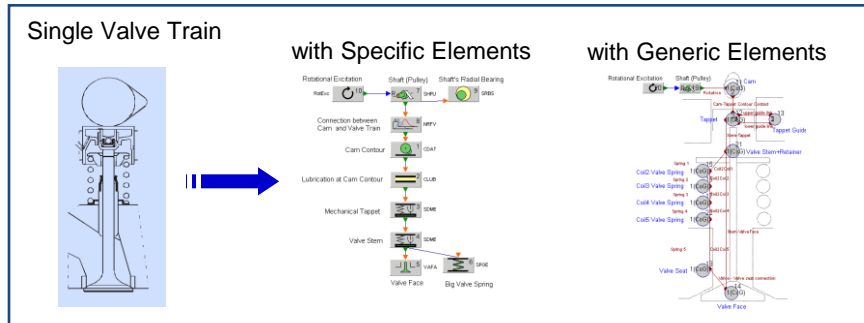


- Transient strength and durability analysis of engine components
 - Crankshaft, con-rod, main bearing wall, piston, engine brackets, ...
- NVH of power units
 - Low frequency vibrations (engine mounts)
 - Structure borne noise (surface velocities)
- Dynamics and acoustics of transmissions, hybrid engines, drivelines
 - Analysis of in-stationary conditions
 - High frequency noise phenomena
- Advanced analysis of lubricated contacts (EHD)
 - Radial and axial slider bearing design
 - Bearing failure analysis
 - Piston-liner contact analysis
 - Detailed investigation in friction losses



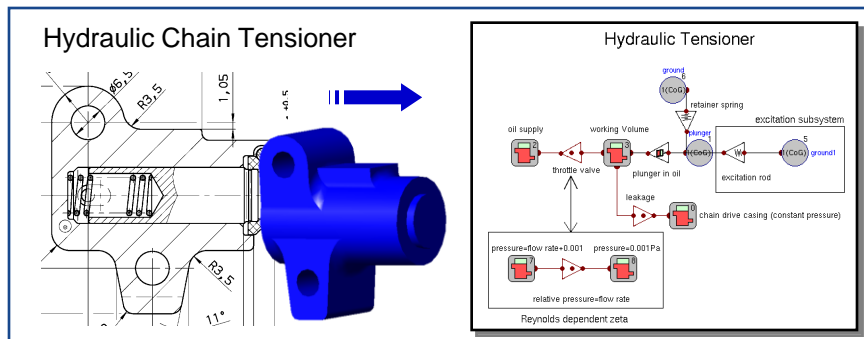
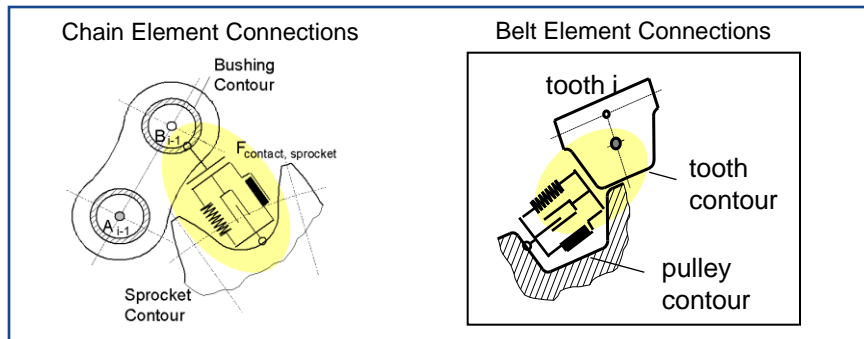
EXCITE CRANKSHAFT STRENGTH ANALYSIS PROVEN FOR ANY ENGINE SIZE





Calculation Model

- Lumped mass model solved in time domain (rigid bodies connected by force elements)
- Non-linear behavior considered: contacts, clearance, non-linear properties
- Provides multiple sets of elements / components for different levels of modeling:
 - Specific elements for standard valve and timing drive systems
 - Generic mechanic and hydraulic element pool, arbitrary combinable with specific elements

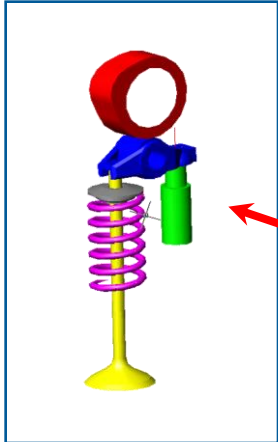




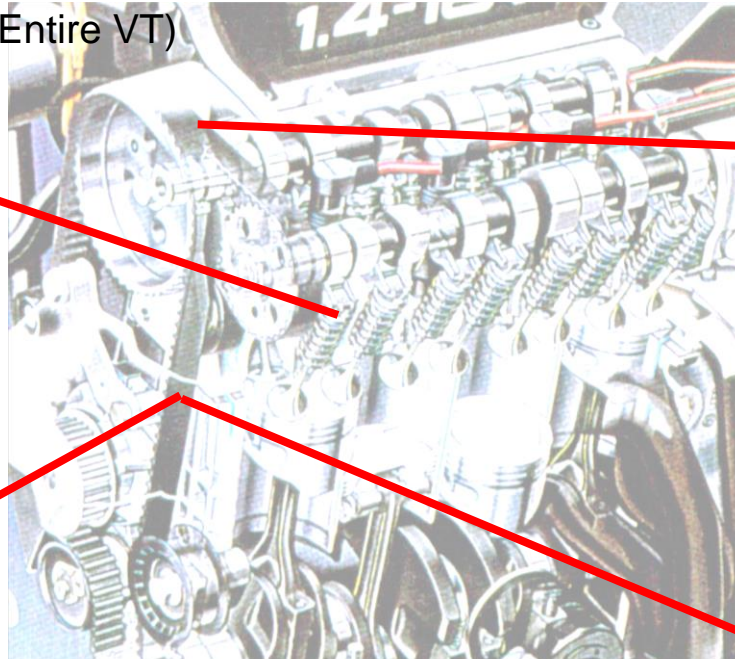
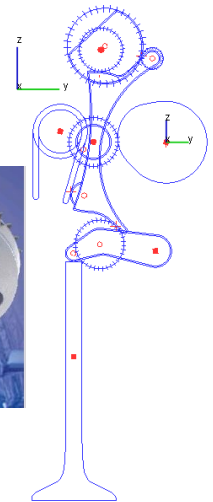
EXCITE TIMING DRIVE AREA OF APPLICATION (1)



Valve Train Kinematic and
Dynamic Analysis
(Single and Entire VT)

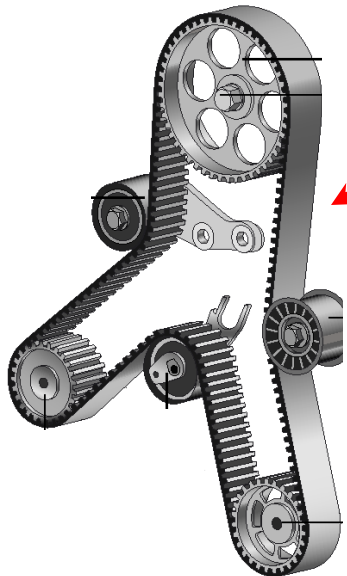


Variable Valve
Trains (VVT)

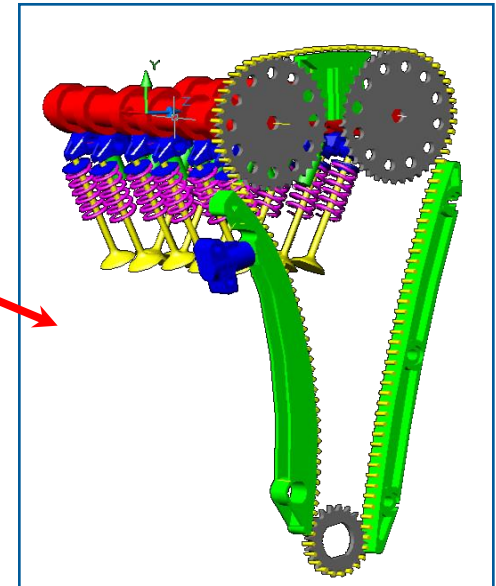


- Investigation of new mechanisms in VVT's, mechanical tensioner systems, drive-line systems

Timing Belt &
Chain Drives



Entire Timing
Drives





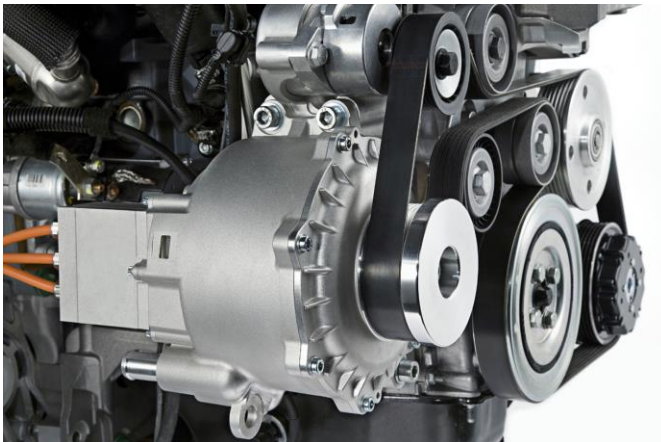
EXCITE TIMING DRIVE AREA OF APPLICATION (2)



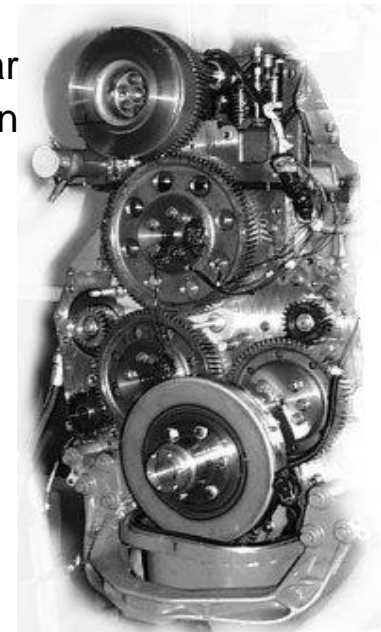
Accessory
Belt Drives

- Accessory Drives
- Hybrid Engine Drive Systems
- Gear Drives
- Non-automotive Drives

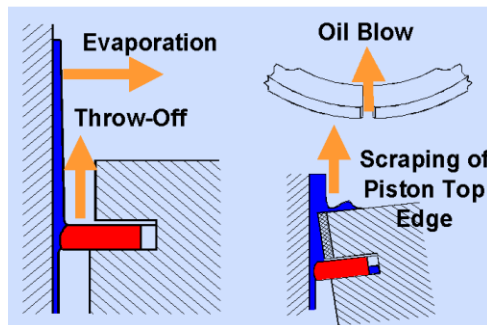
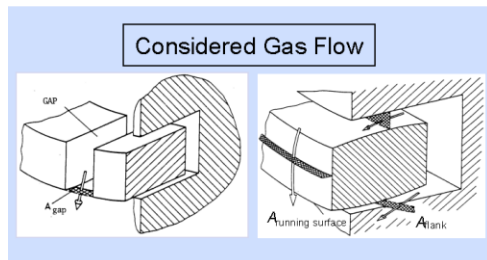
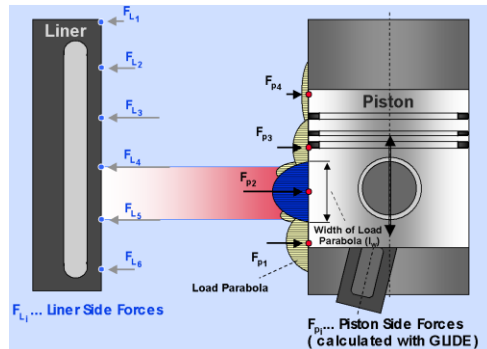
Hybrid Engine Drives



Timing Gear
Train



Non-automotive
Chain Drives

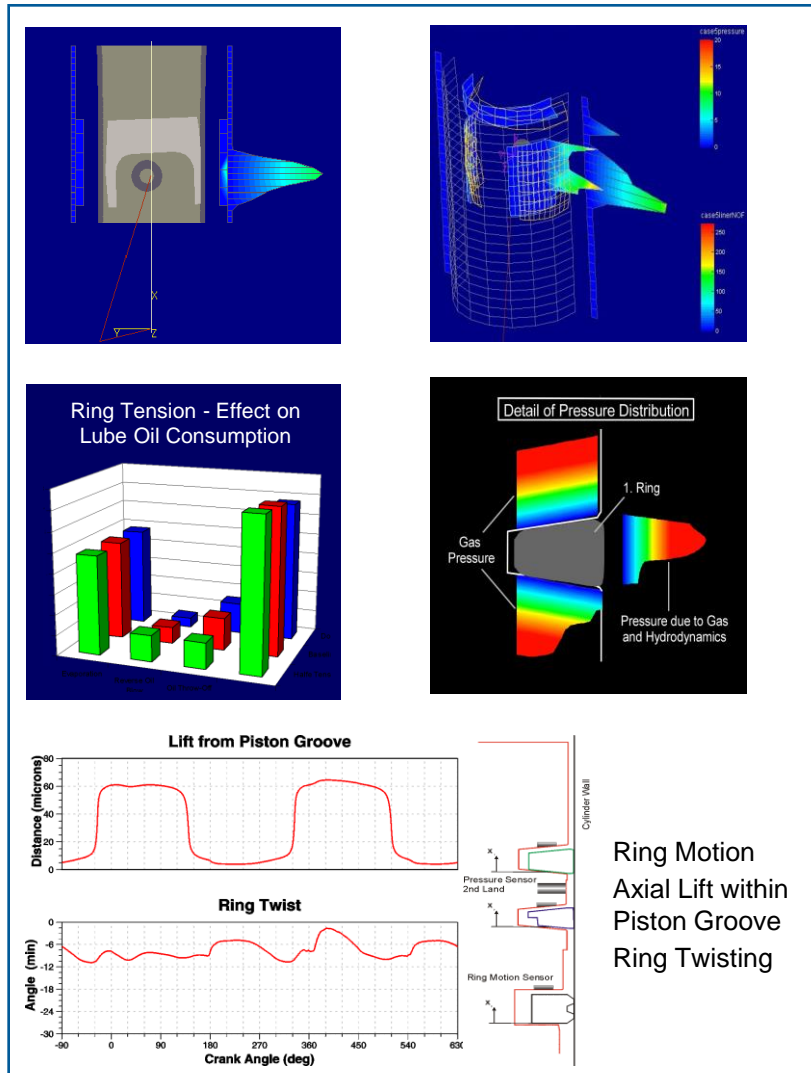


Piston Dynamics

- Multi-body-system (radial elastic piston) with dry piston - liner contact
- Piston and liner contour due to manufacturing, assembly and thermal load

Piston Ring Dynamics

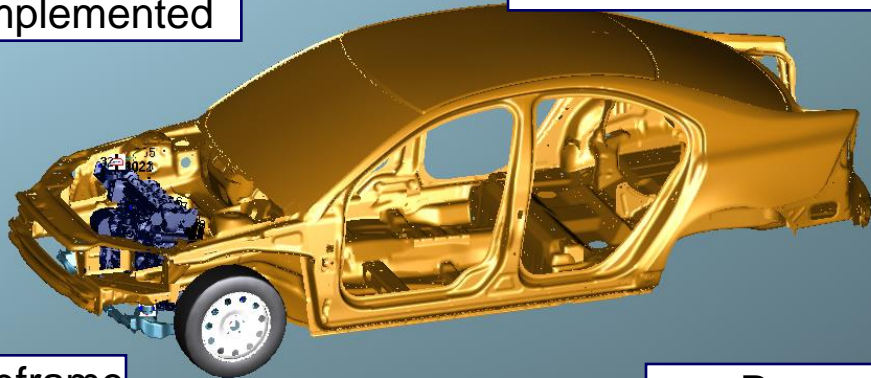
- Single mass ring models including influence of twist angles (2.5D representation)
- 1D - hydrodynamics (Average Reynolds) with asperity model for ring-liner contact
- Influence of surface roughness included
- Mass balance of lubricating oil on liner within ring package
- Gas flow based on inter-ring volumes due to actual clearances and ring positions
- LOC determined by evaporation, throw-off, oil blow and oil scrapping of the piston top



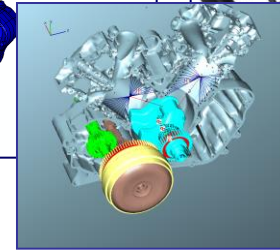
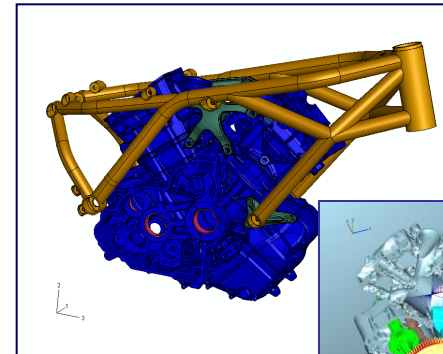
- Piston secondary motion, piston slap induced noise (impact forces for AVL EXCITE)
- Influence of piston design parameters (e.g. piston contour, piston pin offset)
- Evaluation of ring motion (fluttering, twisting), interring pressures and blow-by
- Assessment of ring running surface (e.g. hydrodynamic friction losses, liner and ring wear)
- Prediction of lube oil consumption

Application Examples

Drive Line
Implemented



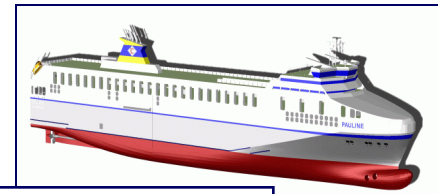
Drive Line and
Chassis Vibrations



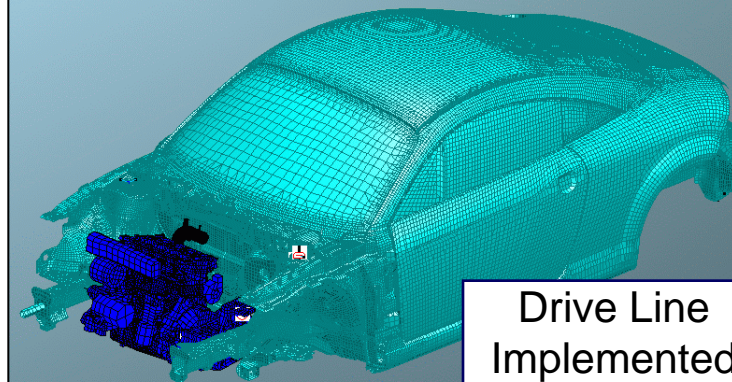
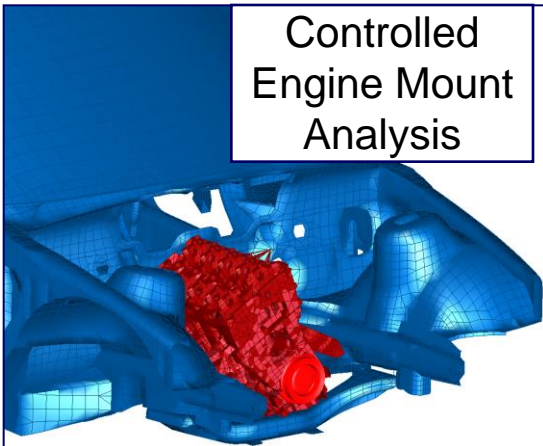
Subframe

Non-stationary
Operating Conditions

Power Unit
Assembled within
Chassis at Mounting
Positions

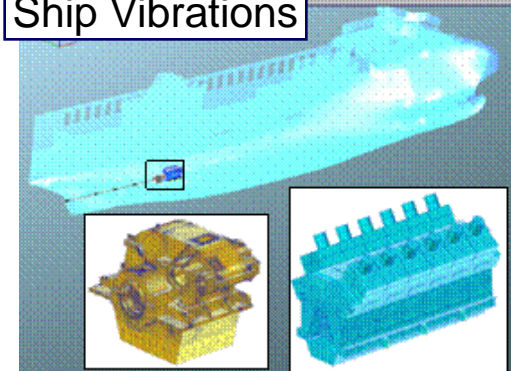


Controlled
Engine Mount
Analysis



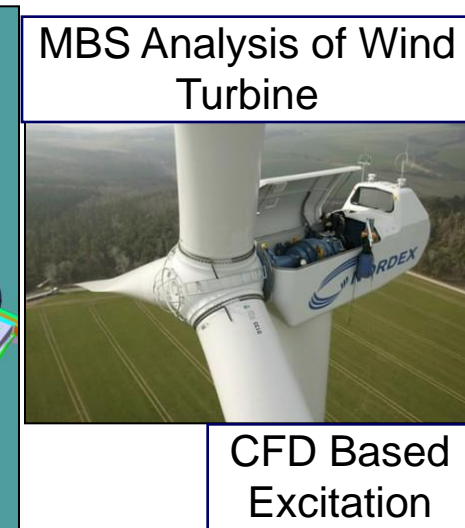
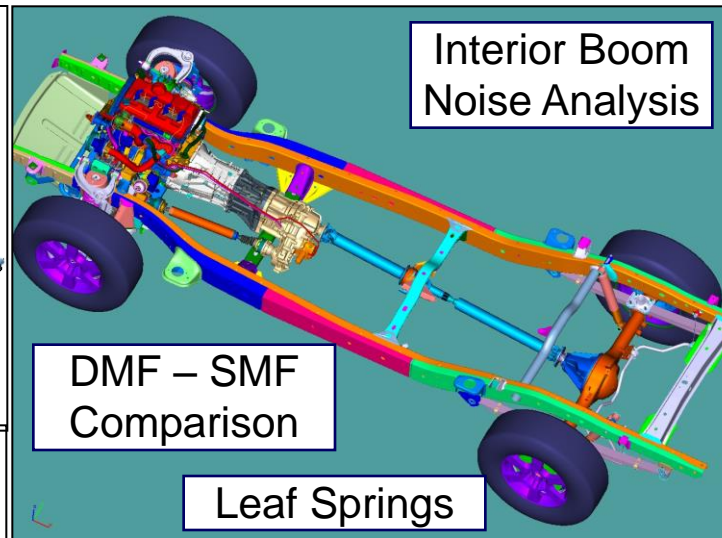
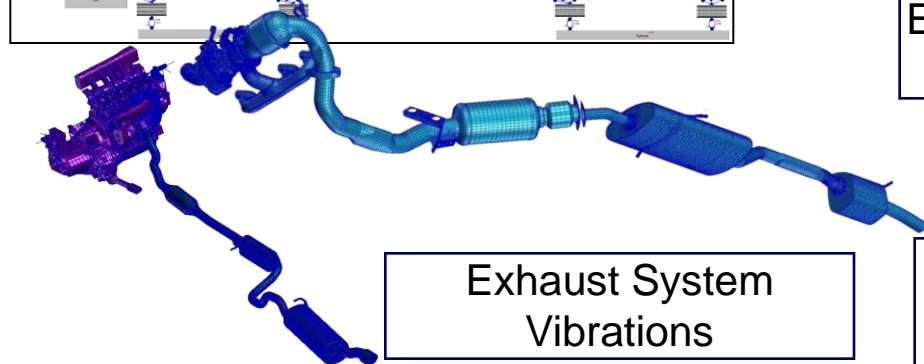
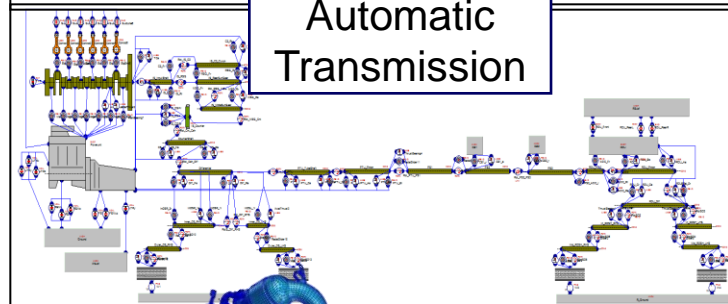
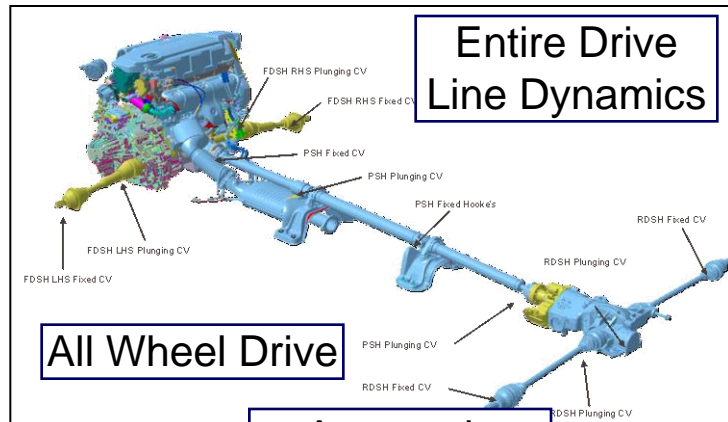
Drive Line
Implemented

Ship Vibrations

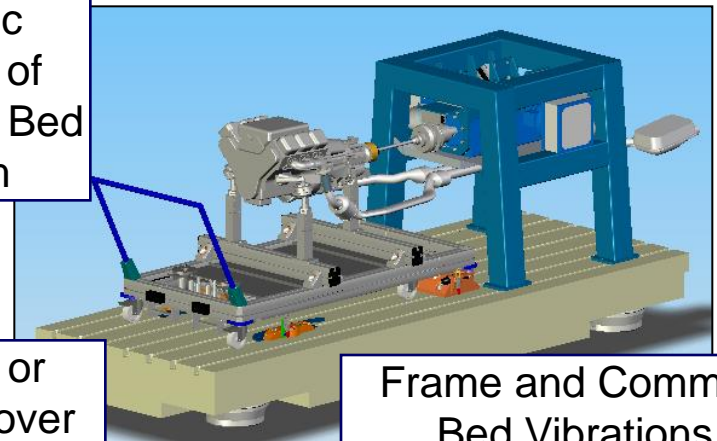




Application Examples

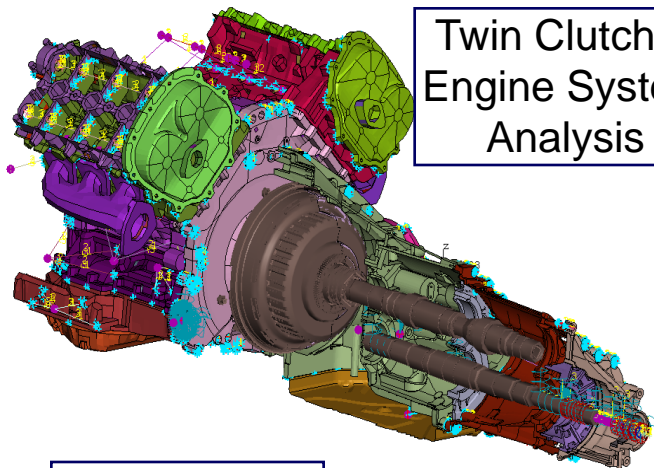


Dynamic Analysis of Entire Test Bed System

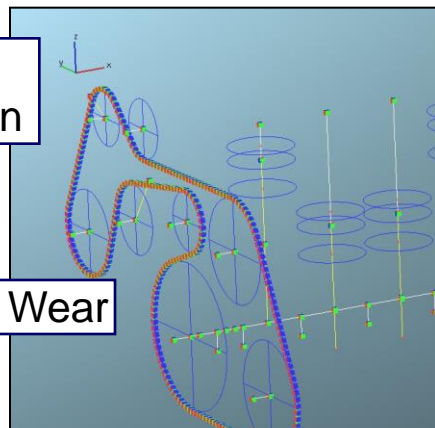


Application Examples

Twin Clutch &
Engine System
Analysis



Start-Stop
Investigation



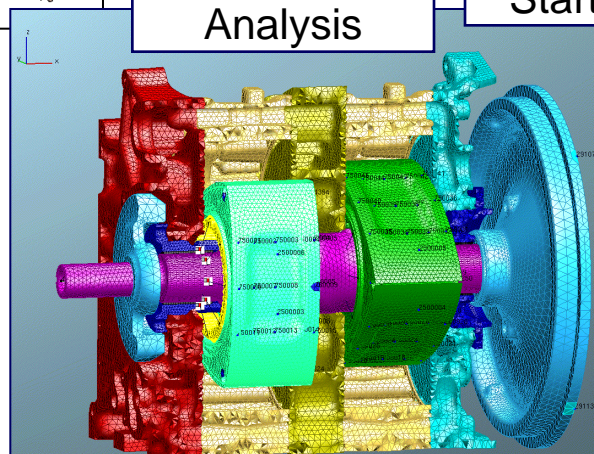
Bearing Wear



Rotary Engine
Dynamics and
Bearing
Analysis

Non-Stationary Belt-Driven
Starter Generator Analysis

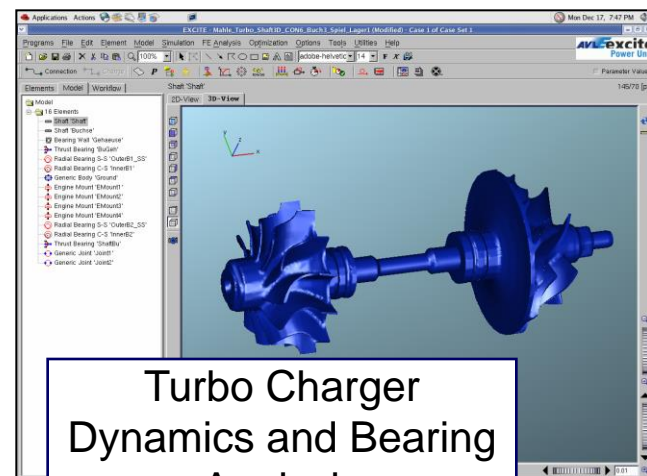
Gear Rattle
and Whine



Gear Train
Dynamics

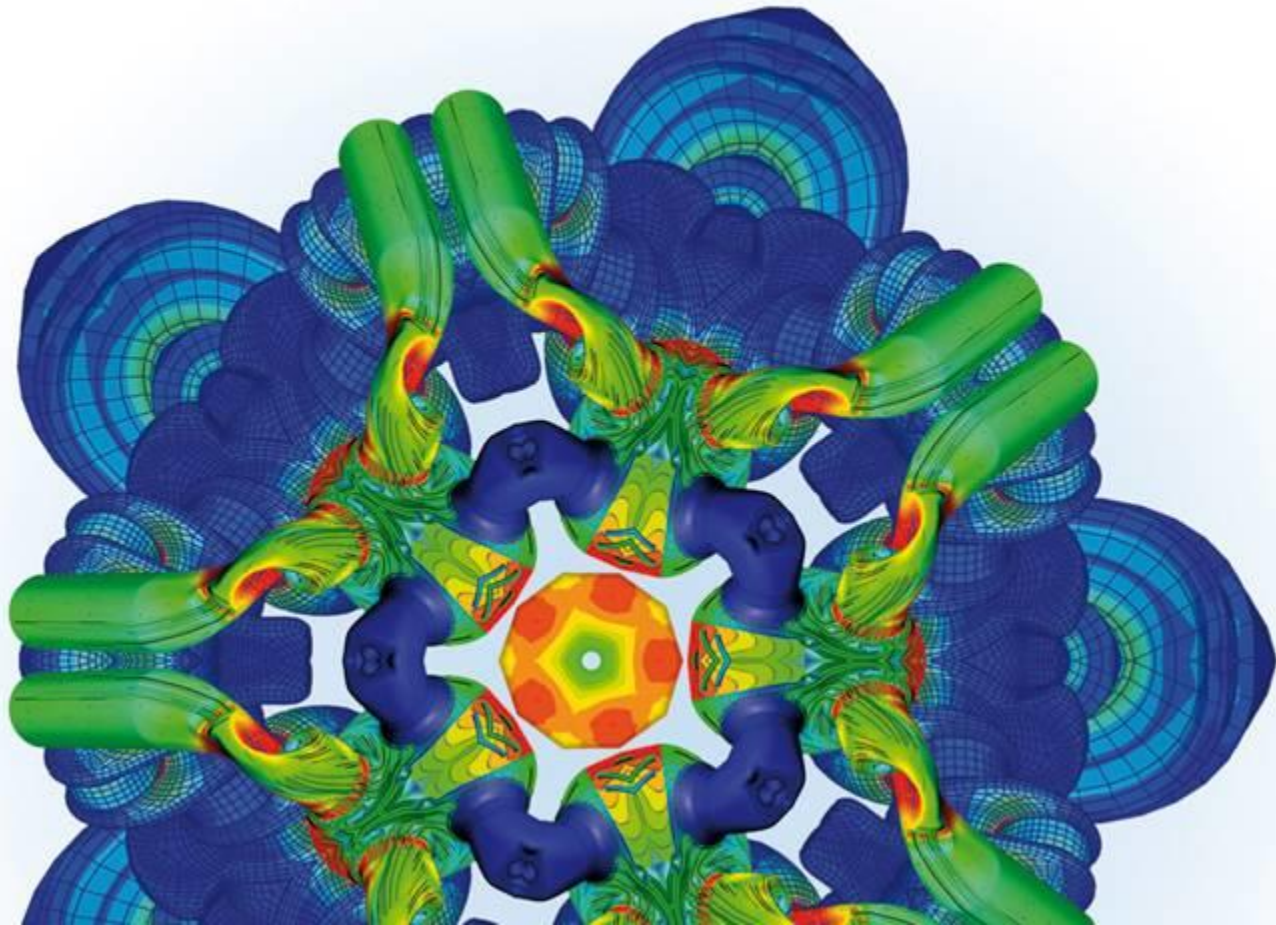
Rotor Tumbling and Axial
Contact

Turbo Charger
Dynamics and Bearing
Analysis



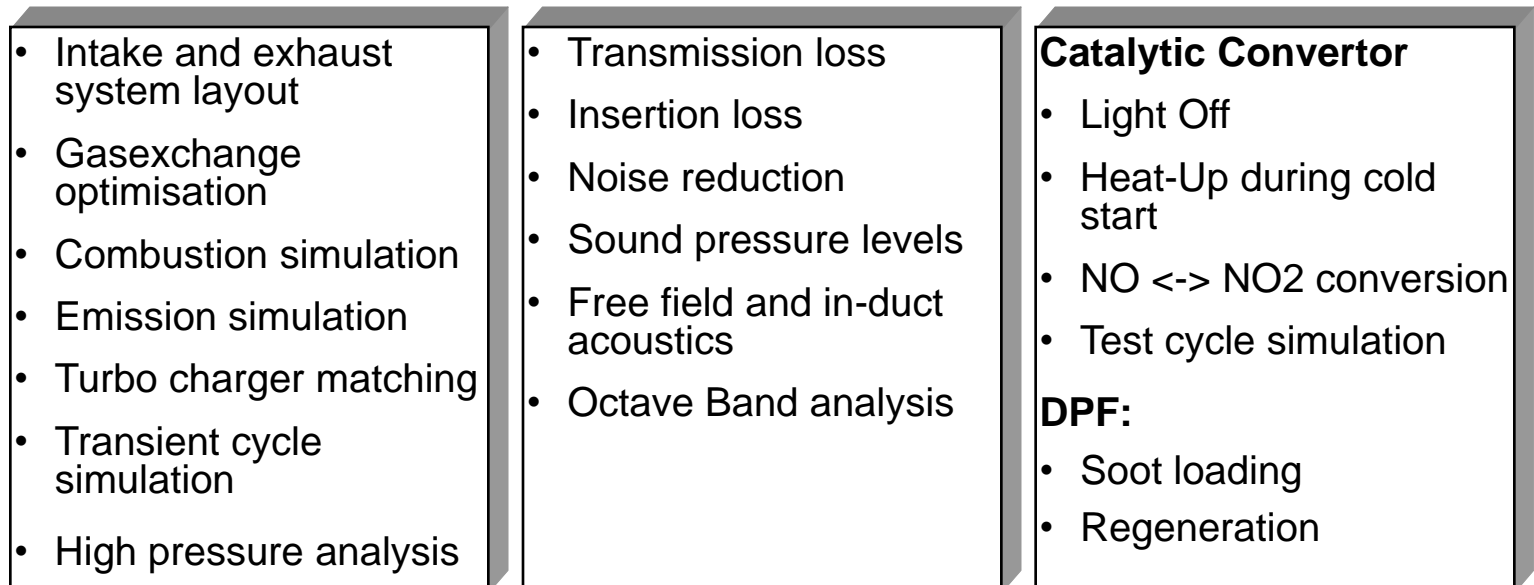
AVL BOOST & HYDSIM

1D CFD Simulation



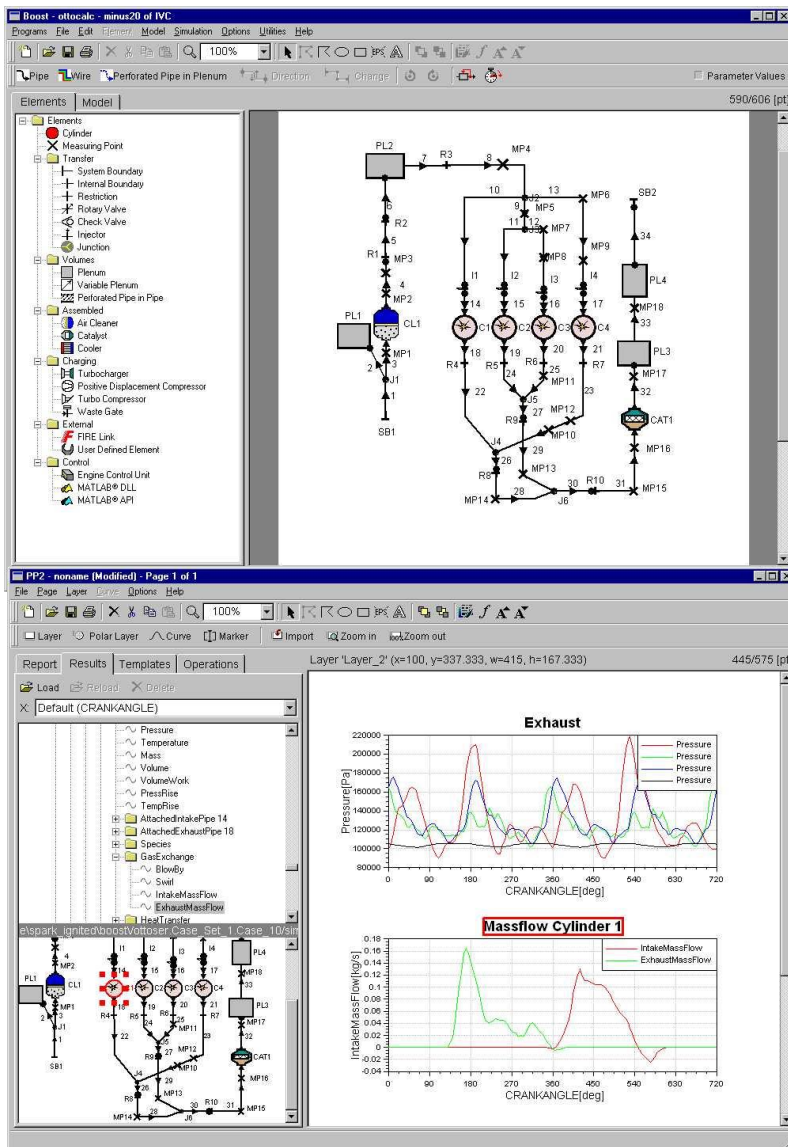


Defining Engine Layout, Concept and Control Management with respect to:



BOOST MODULES

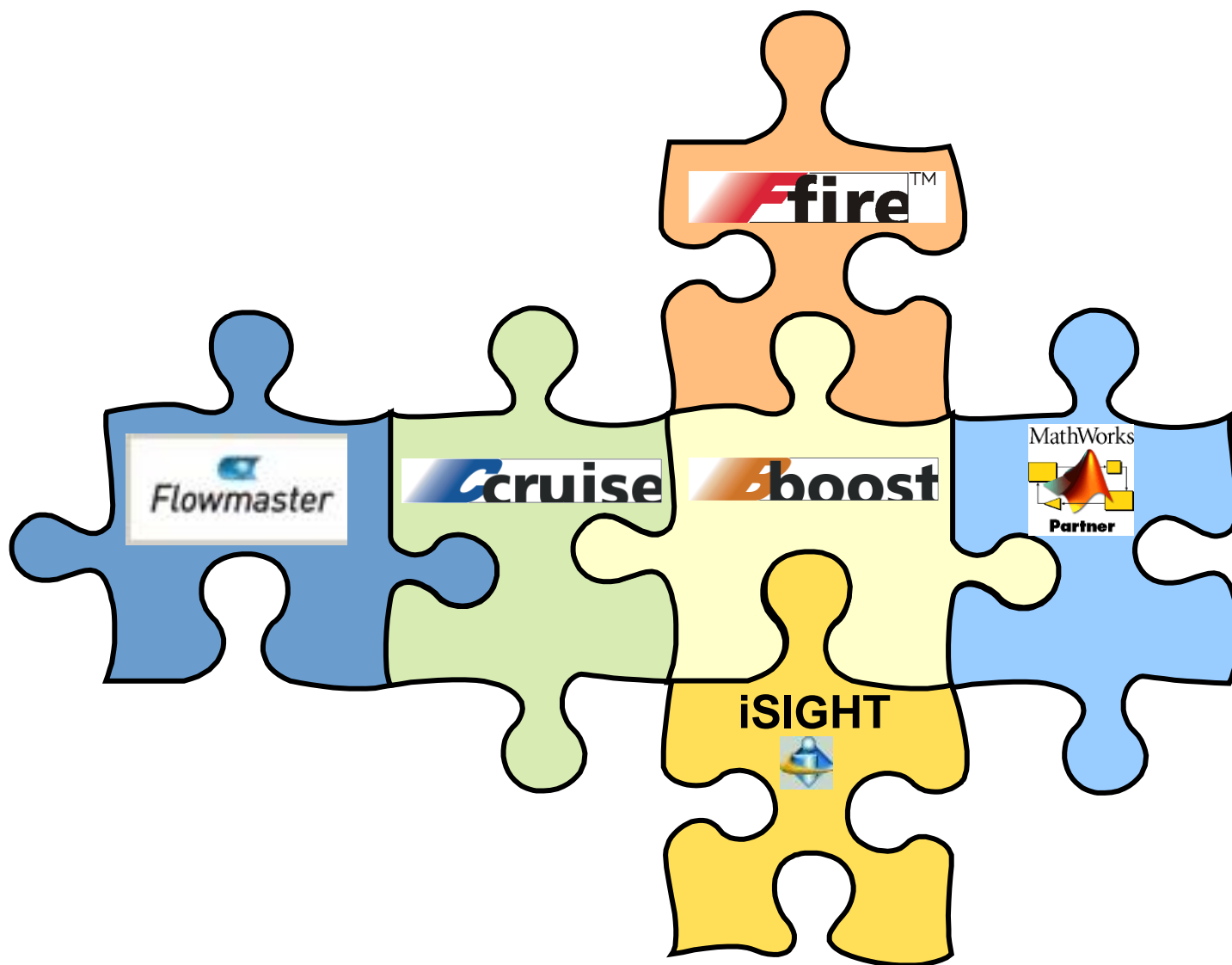
1 / ENGINE PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

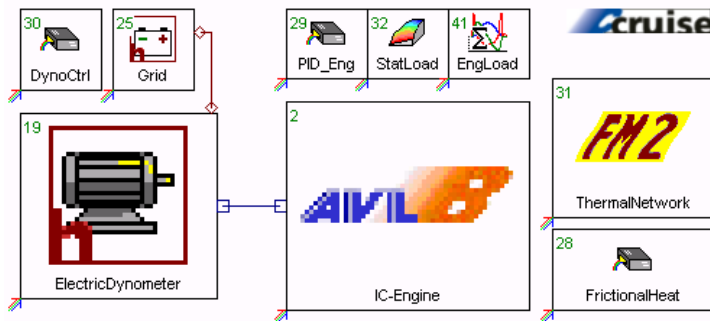


- Reliable Tool for Engine Cycle and Gas Exchange Simulation
- Considering 1D Gas Dynamics in Pipes
- Quasi-dimensional Combustion Simulation
- Steady State and Transient Calculations
- Ideal Concept for Engine Application
- Required Torque and Power
- Engine Control Management Design with BOOST ECU or MATLABTM
- For considering 3D Effects a Link to AVL FIRE is Provided
- Model Creation, Simulation and Post-Processing GUI Supported



BOOST LINKS TO OTHER AVL TOOLS AND 3rd PARTY SW

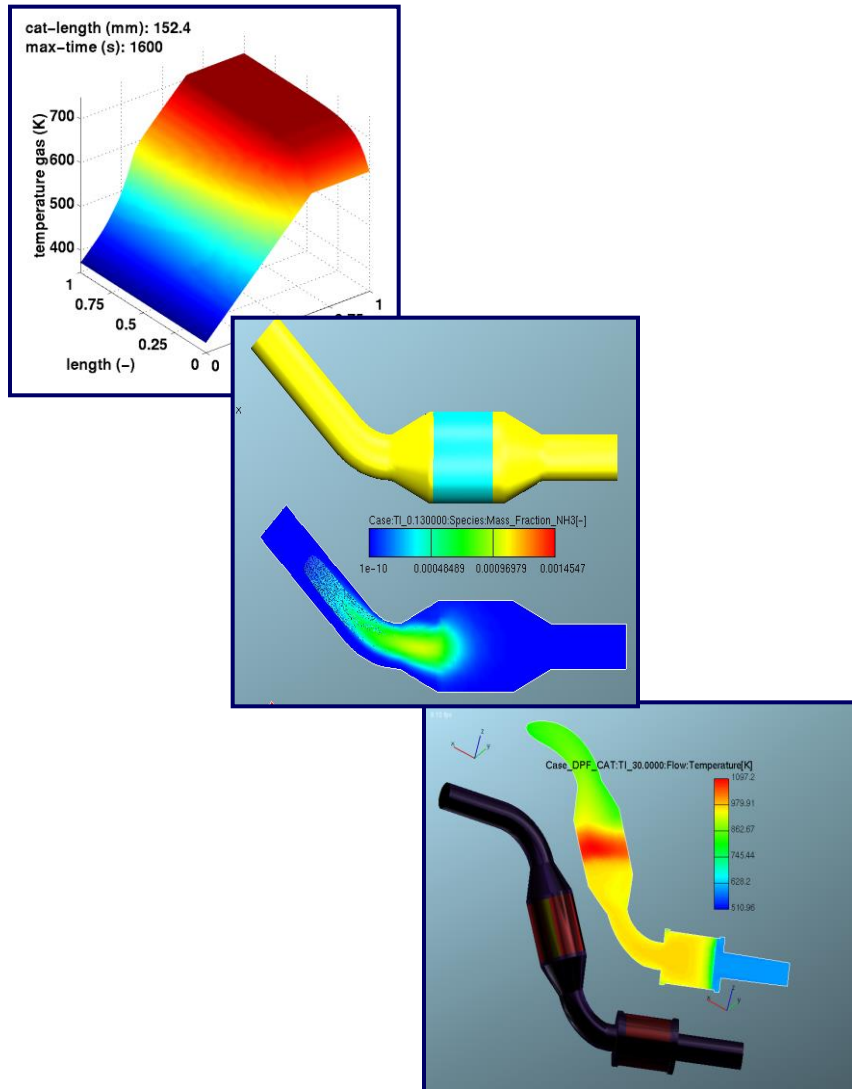




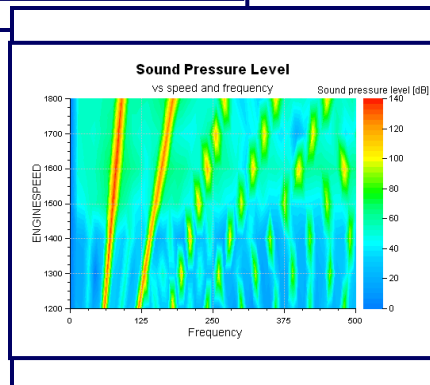
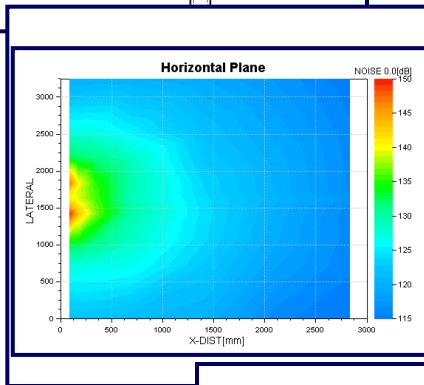
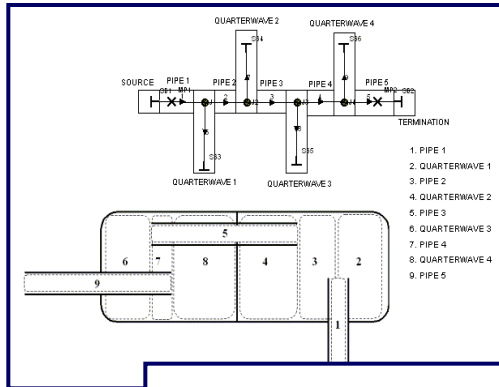
Thermal Management BOOST-CRUISE-FLOWMASTER Co-Simulation

- ↓ Optimize standard and conceptual vehicles and vehicle components
- ↓ 1D gas dynamics simulation of internal combustion engine cycles
- ↓ 1D internal fluid flow simulation



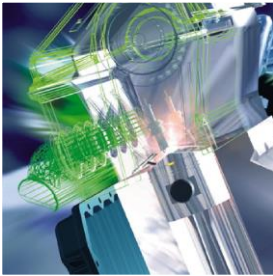


- Light-Off-Simulations
- Cycle Emission Simulation (NEDC, FTP,...)
- DPF Loading and Regeneration
- User-Kinetic Model for 1D
- BOOST - FIRE Workflow
- Catalytic Converter
 - Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC)
 - Three-Way-Catalyst (TWC)
 - Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR)
 - Lean NOx Trap (LNT), simplified BaCO₃-Storage Model
- Diesel Particulate Filter
 - Bar-Traps, Fuel-Additive DPFs, CRTs

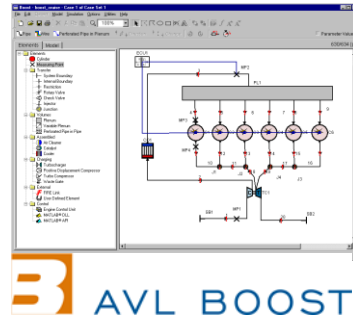


- Generating the Typical „Brand Sound“
- Orifice Noise Reduction
- Exhaust Manifold Optimization by Means of:
 - BOOST Non-Linear Acoustics
 - Calculating Entire Engine
 - No Additional Calculation
 - BOOST-SID : Linear Acoustics
 - Extremely fast
 - No Engine Input Data Required

ENGINE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS : GCA METHODOLOGY

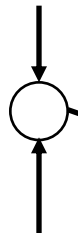


Simulation

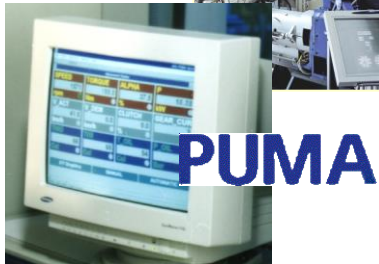


AVL BOOST

- BOOST integrated in Test Bed Software as Gas Exchange and Combustion Analysis Module (GCA)
- Direct Access to Key Values of Combustion and Gas-Exchange During Measurement Process



Measurement



PUMA

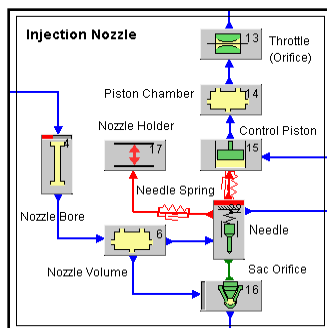
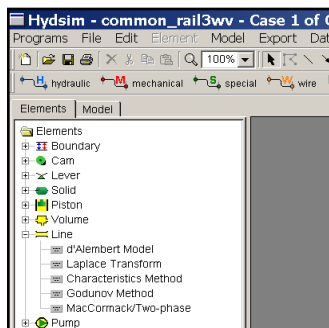
GCA

Gas Exchange
and Combustion
Analysis

Application

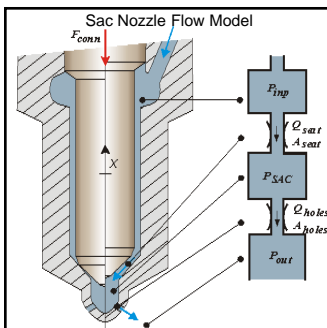
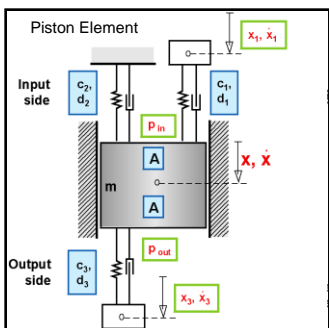
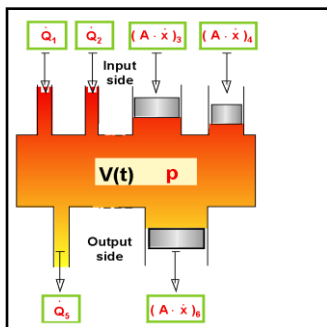
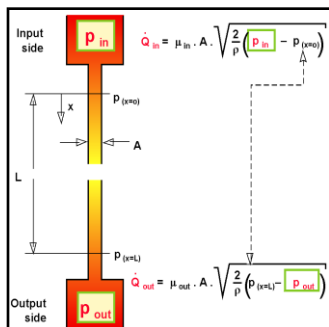


Combustion Data
Residual Gas Content
Heat Fluxes
Scavenging Data
Mass Fluxes



Main Features

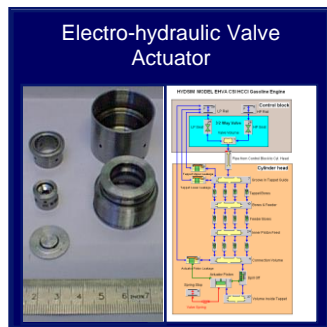
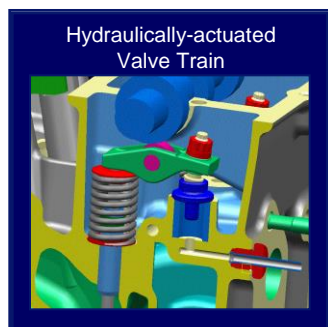
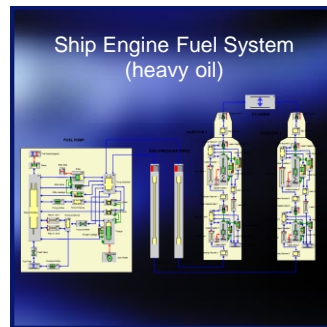
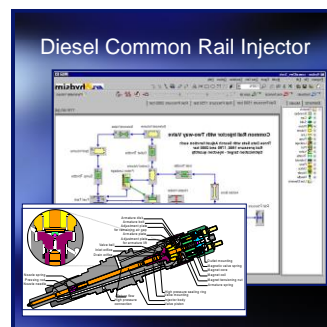
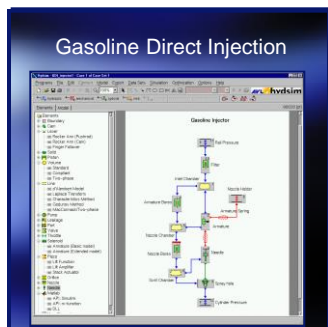
- flexible modeling technique of hydraulic and mechanical elements
- specifically designed for fuel injection systems
 - pressure waves
 - hydraulic SOI / EOI
 - needle lift
 - injection rate diagrams
- applicable to analyze general hydraulic systems

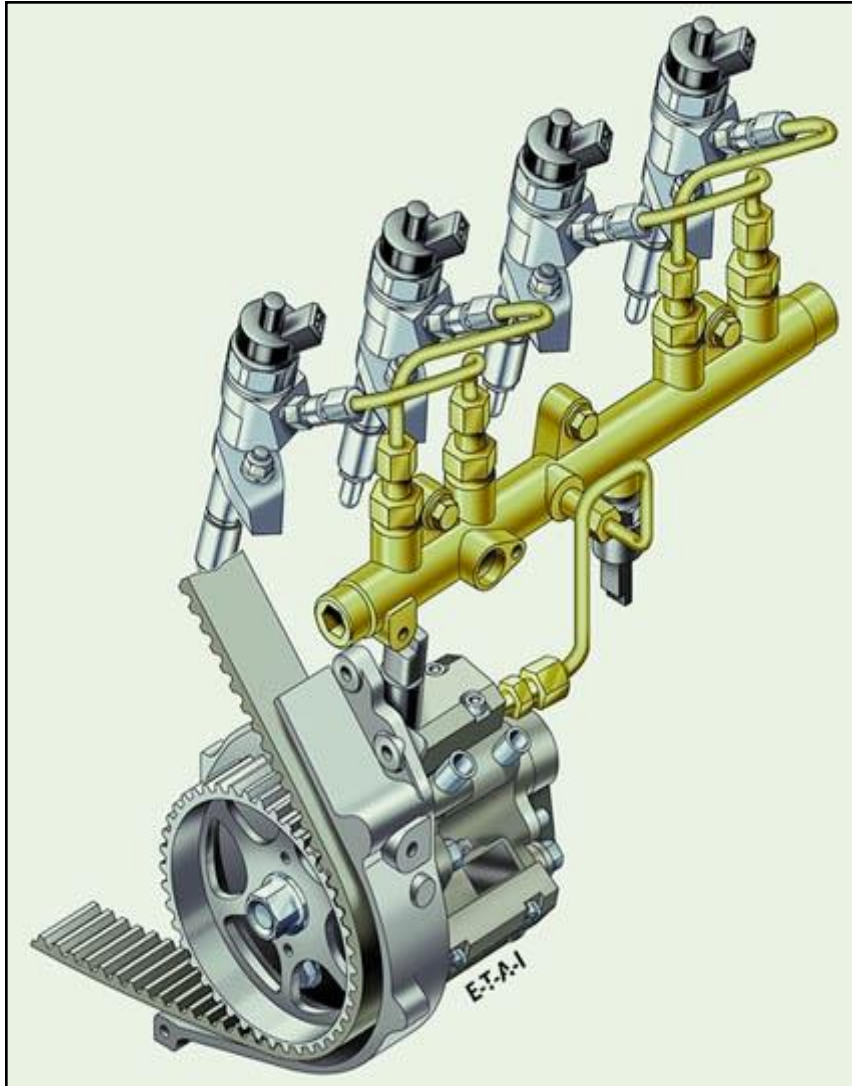




Areas of Application

- fuel injection systems for Diesel engines
- gasoline injection systems
- alternative fuel injection systems
- low pressure fuel injection systems
- electro-hydraulic valve trains
- hydraulic control units and networks





1D High Pressure Fluid Flow and 2D Dynamics of Mechanical Parts

Applications

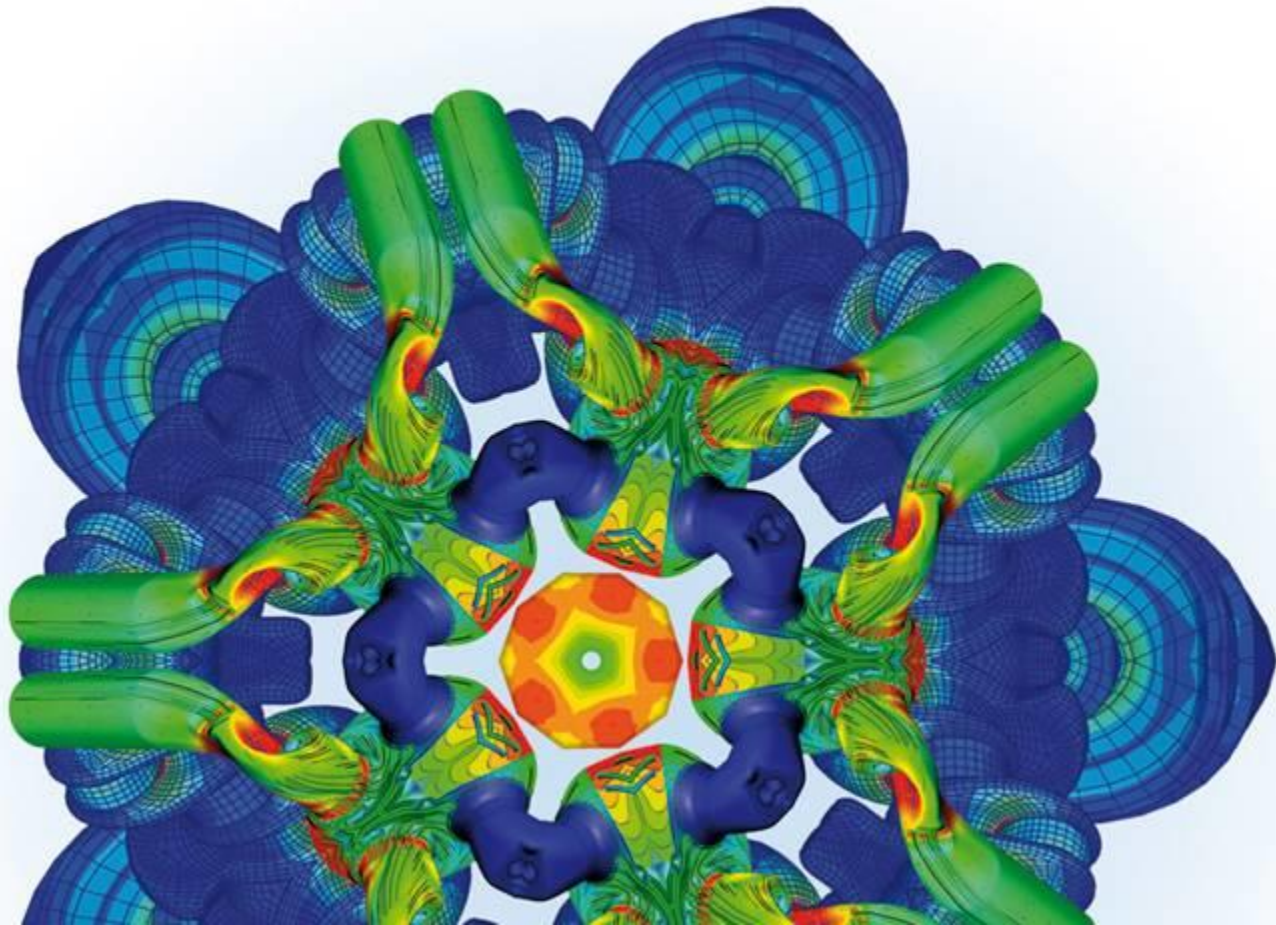
- **Diesel Engines**
 - Common Rail Systems
 - Unit Injectors
 - Conventional Inline-pump & other Systems
- **Gasoline Engines**
 - Direct Injection Systems
 - Intake-Port Injection
- **Alternative Fuel Systems**

AVL FIRE

3D CFD Simulation



AVL

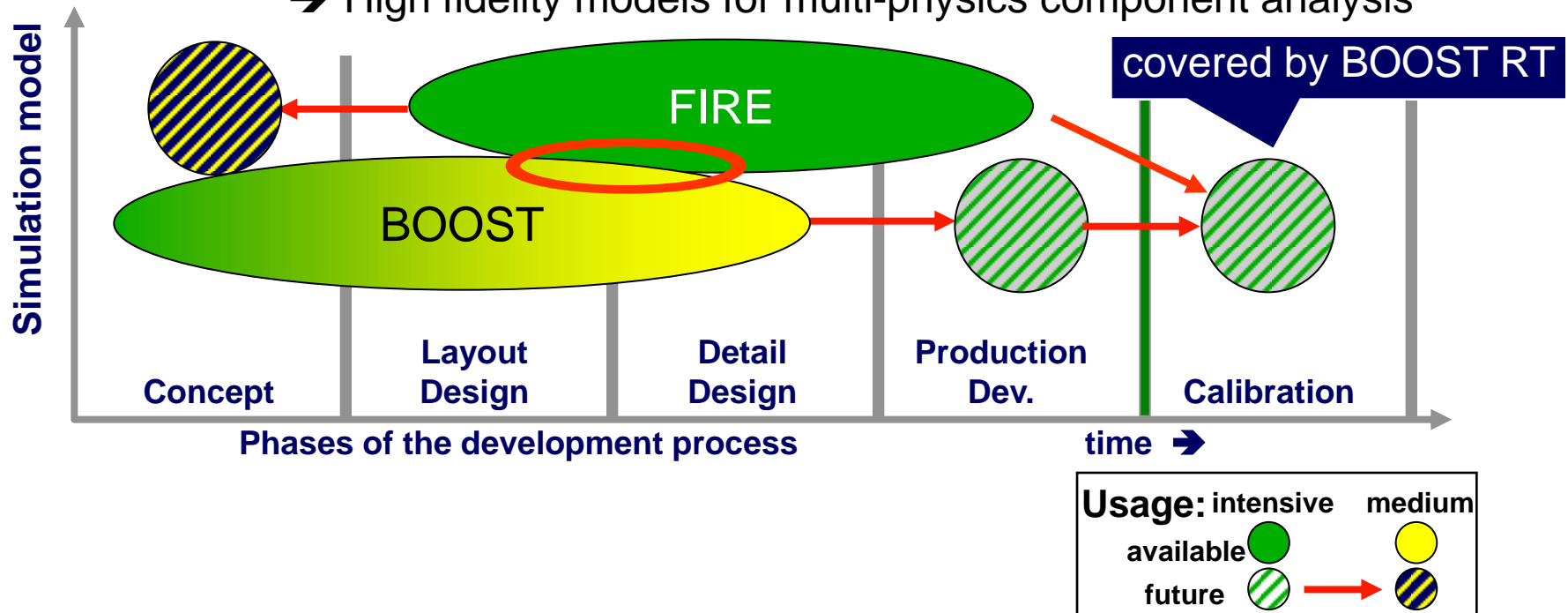


Consistent simulation models for all development phases



The benefit:

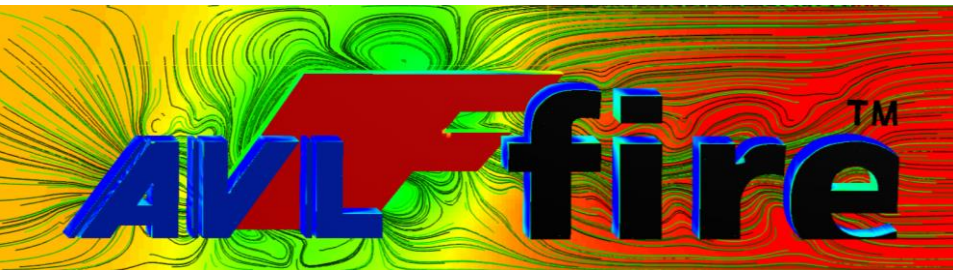
- Combustion simulation with common 1d/3d physical models (BOOST- FIRE coupling enables „Virtual engine“)
- Fast calibration with integrated engine & vehicle real time model (BOOST RT and CRUISE RT)
- Engine simulation on test bed (Simulation based testing) (BOOST- CAMEO, BOOST- GCA, CONCERTO)
- High fidelity models for multi-physics component analysis





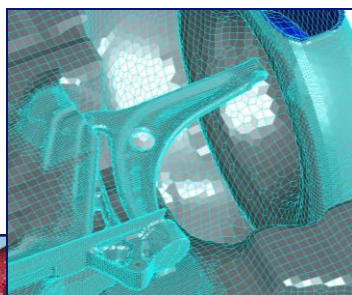
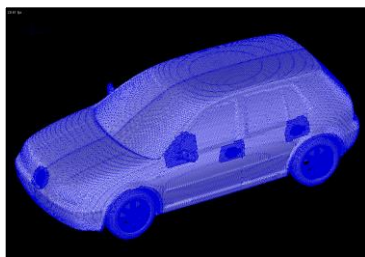
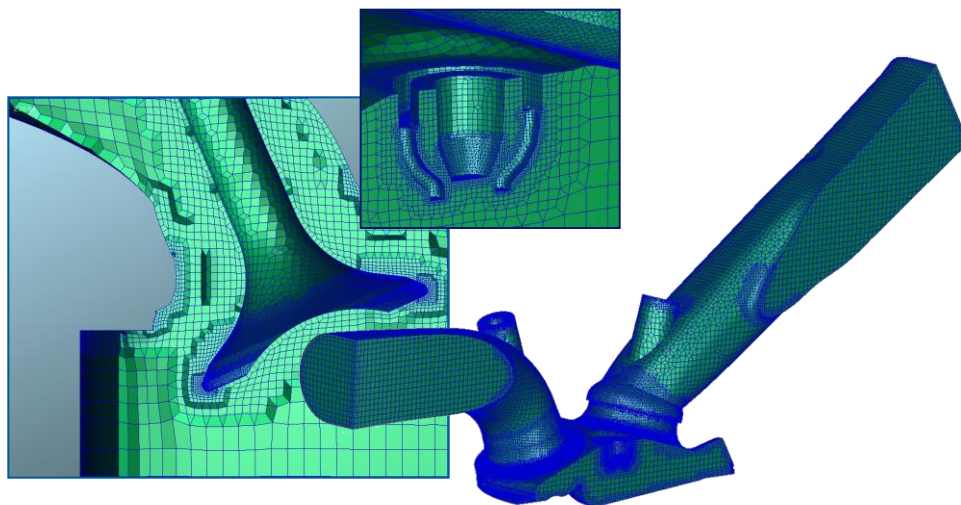
AVL FIRE

Computational fluid dynamics simulation



General tool description

- general fluid flow solver with full support of polyhedral cells
- modules tailored to applications in IC engine research and development
- features for specific vehicle related applications
- integrated pre-/post-processing, simulation setup and control



Main features

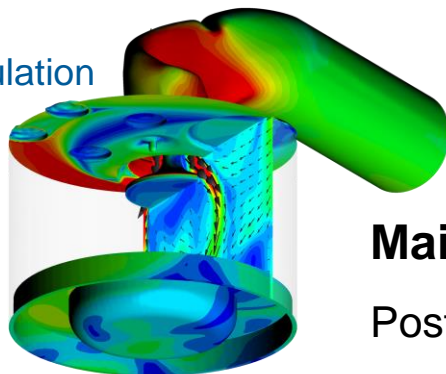
Pre-processing

- CAD data import and manipulation
- automated grid generation resulting in either
 - hexahedron-dominated (FAME Hexa) or
 - tetrahedron-dominated (FAME Tetra) grids
- setup and handling of models with (multiple) moving boundaries
- includes a series of tools for grid, surface and edge model manipulation



AVL FIRE

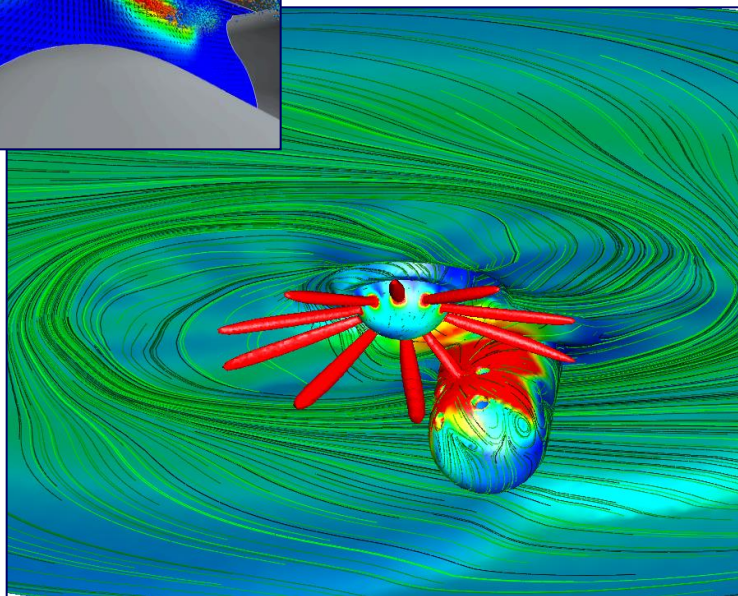
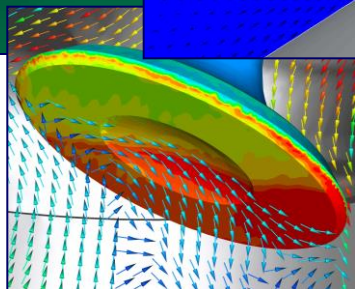
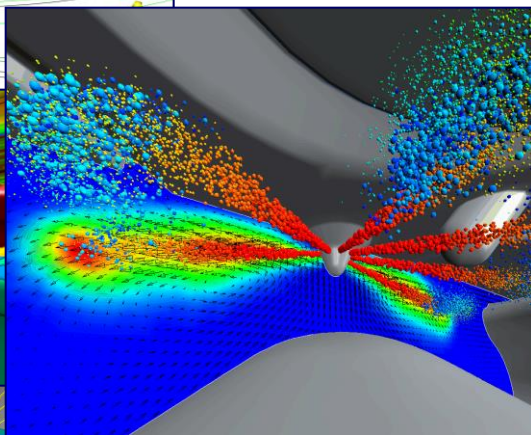
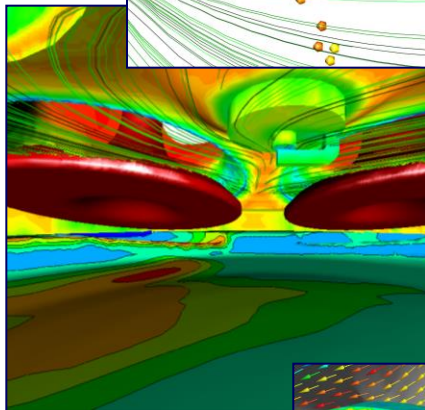
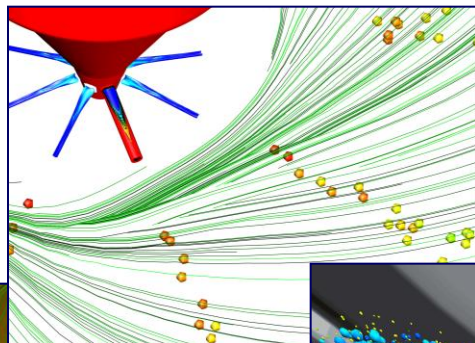
Computational fluid dynamics simulation



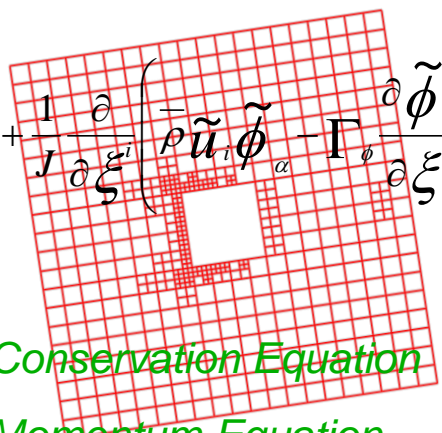
Main features

Post-processing

- simulation online monitoring
- 2D and 3D result visualization
- result analysis (formula, macro)
- plots and animations






$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(\bar{\rho} \tilde{\phi}_\alpha \right) + \frac{1}{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^i} \left(\bar{\rho} \tilde{u}_i \tilde{\phi}_\alpha - \Gamma_\phi \frac{\partial \tilde{\phi}_\alpha}{\partial \xi^n} \gamma_i^n \right) \gamma_i^j = S_{\phi_\alpha}$$

Conservation Equation

Momentum Equation

Enthalpy Equation

Species Transport Equation

...

Main features

Main program (1)

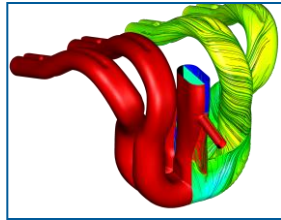
- Reynolds averaged Navier Stokes equation solver
- generalized body-fitted non-orthogonal coordinates
- full support of polyhedral elements
- arbitrary and sliding interfaces
- moving and non-moving boundaries
- rotating and multiple frame of reference
- incompressible / compressible flows
- laminar and turbulent flows
- conjugate heat transfer
- porosities
- user defined functions
- fully MPI parallelized



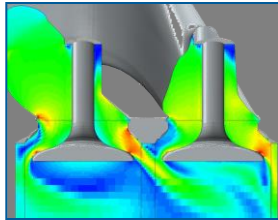
Main features

Main program (2)

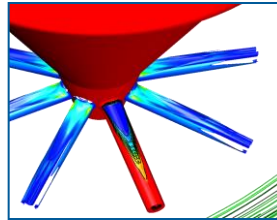
- species transport, chemistry interpreter, general gas phase reaction solver
- ignition, combustion, emission simulation
- Lagrangian multiphase capabilities including wall film modeling
- Eulerian multi-phase module
- exhaust gas aftertreatment simulation
- de-icing and de-fogging capabilities, rain drop separation in A/C units
- polymer electrolyte membrane fuel cell simulation capabilities
- ...



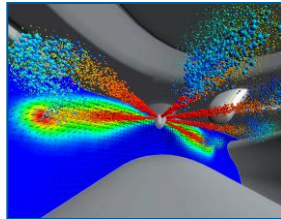
Intake system



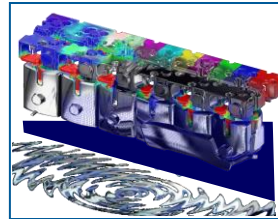
Intake / exhaust ports



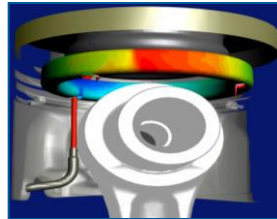
Injection nozzle



In-cylinder flow



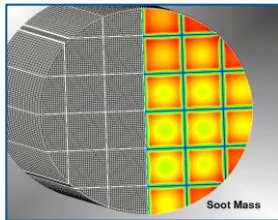
Coolant system



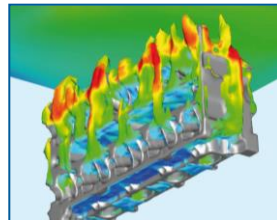
Crank case



Exhaust line and aftertreatment systems



Soot Mass

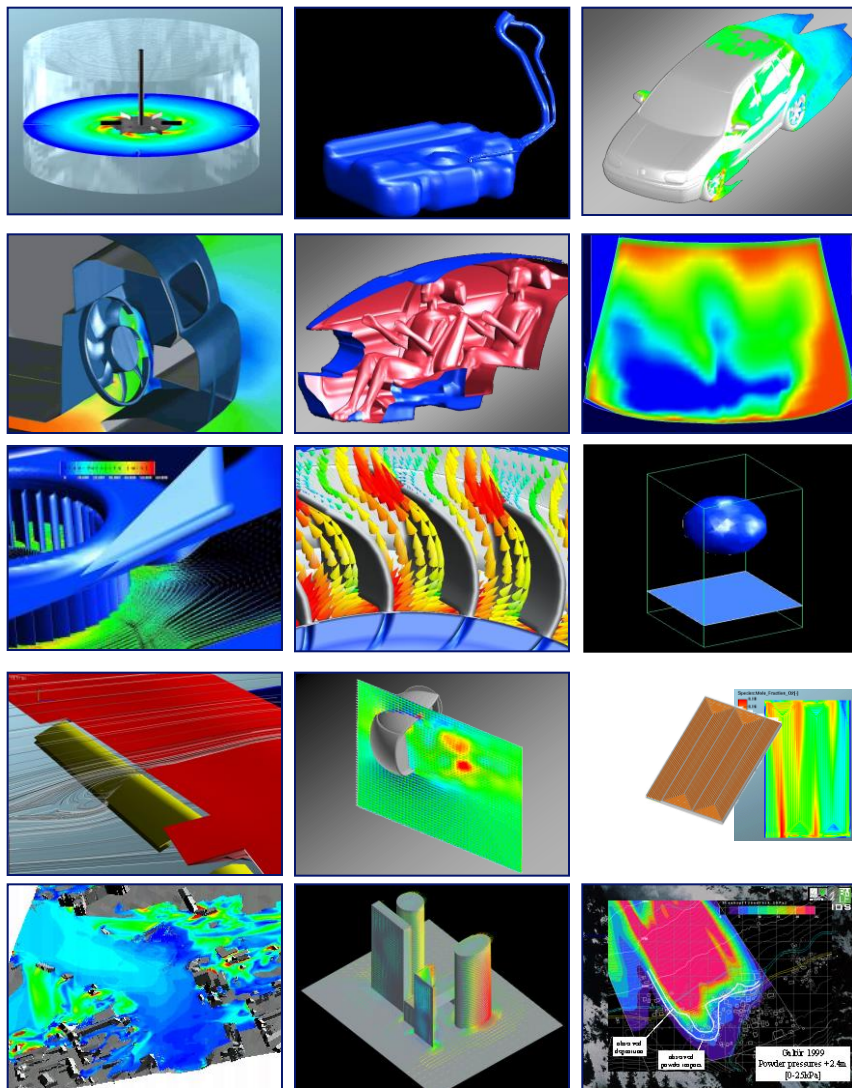


Fluid / solid interaction

Areas of application

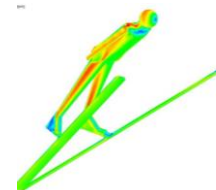
IC Engine

- intake and exhaust systems
- intake and exhaust ports
- liquid and gaseous fuel injection nozzles
- direct and indirect injection engines, carburetor engines
- 2 and 4 stroke engines, rotary engines
- air and liquid engine cooling systems, cooling system components
- exhaust gas lines and aftertreatment systems
- ...



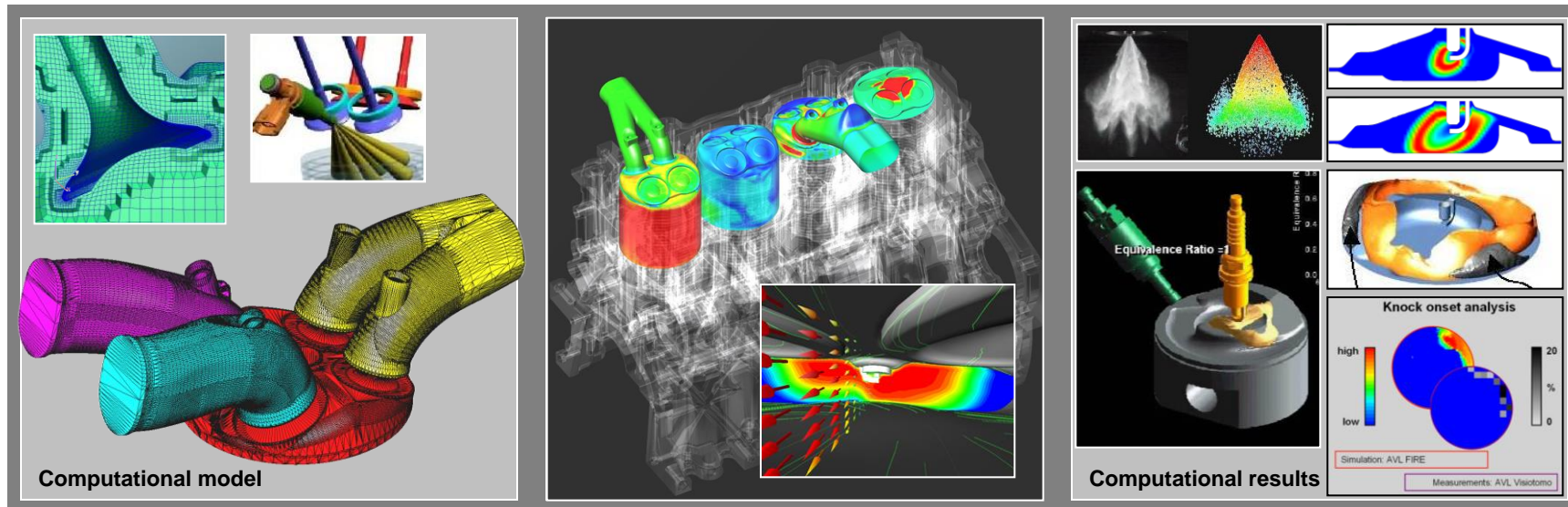
Areas of application

Non-engine



- mixing flows
- filling of tanks and vessels
- vehicle aerodynamics, engine and passenger compartment flows
- wind screen de-icing and defogging
- flows in pumps, compressors and turbines
- turbulence induced noise (wing, side view mirror, ...)
- PEM fuel cells
- environmental flows, flooding, avalanches
- ...

FIRE – AREA OF APPLICATION GASOLINE ENGINE CYCLE SIMULATION (A)



Worksteps and targets

Engine cycle simulation

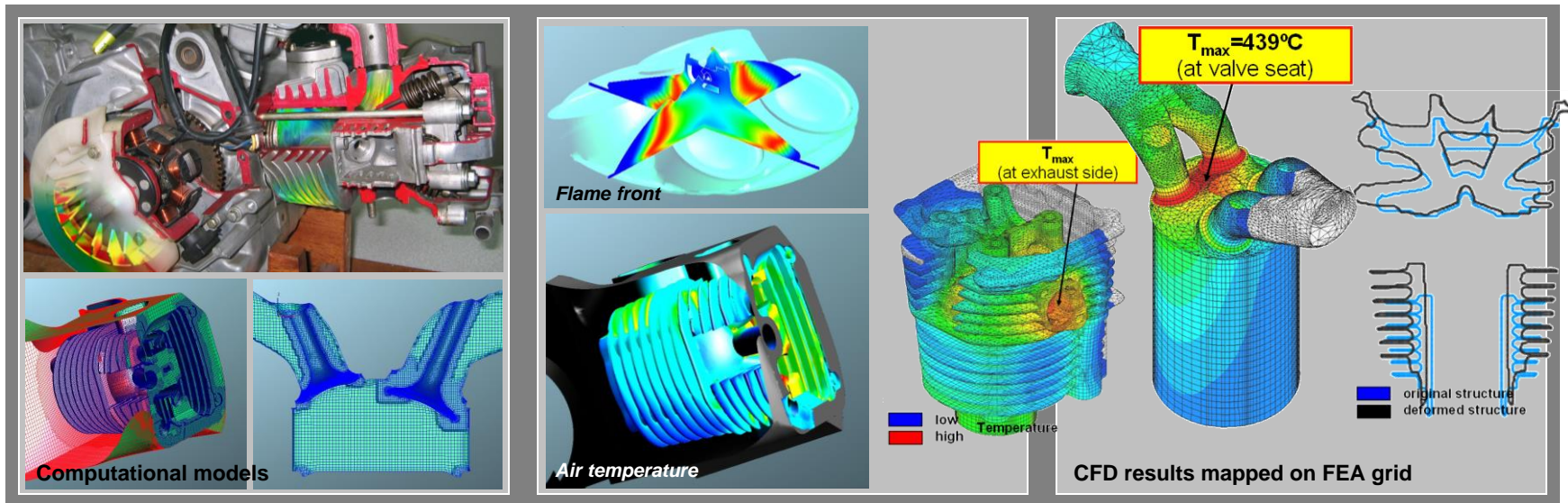
- *intake stroke*: scavenging during valve overlapping, cylinder charge and air motion, mixing between fresh air and EGR
- *compression stroke*: global air motion and local conditions (squish, injector, spark plug)
- *fuel injection, ignition and combustion*: fuel injection and vaporization, wall film, spark plug position, ignition, peak pressure, heat release, knock tendency, emission formation
- *exhaust stroke*: completeness of scavenging

Parameter to vary

- valve timing
- valve / valve seat geometry
- piston and head geometry, squish
- injector position and inclination
- injection timing and strategy
- spark plug position
- residual gas content
- thermal boundary conditions
- engine operating conditions

FIRE – AREA OF APPLICATION

GASOLINE ENGINE CYCLE SIMULATION (B)



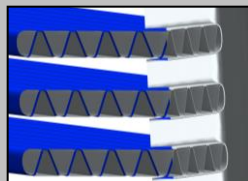
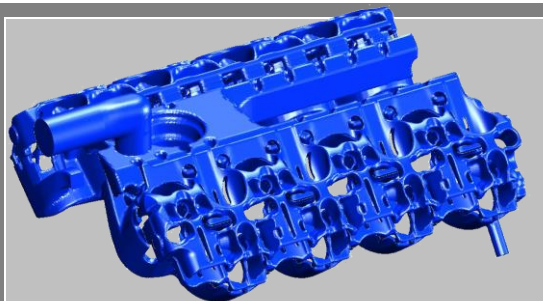
Worksteps and targets

Engine thermal load

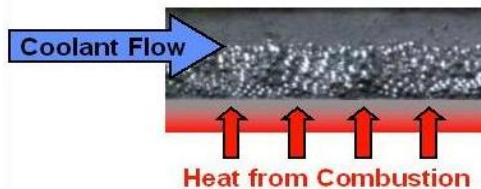
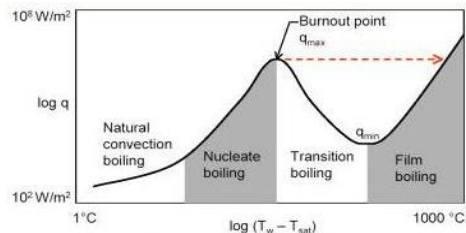
- deriving gas side thermal boundary conditions

Parameter to vary

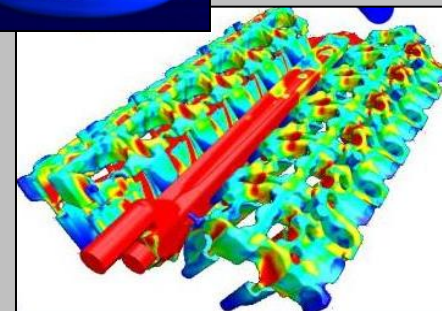
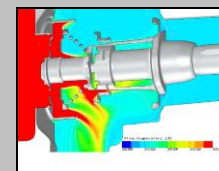
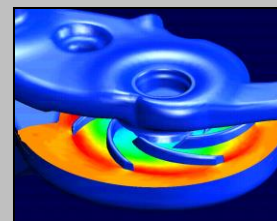
- engine operating conditions



Computational models



Nucleate boiling model



Worksteps and targets

Coolant jacket flow analysis

- flow split between head and block, left and right bank (V-engines)
- uniform cooling conditions for all cylinders
- precision cooling for thermally highly loaded parts
- removal of stagnation zones
- evaluation of heat transfer between liquid and structural parts
- determination of thermal boundary conditions for HBC analysis

Parameter to vary

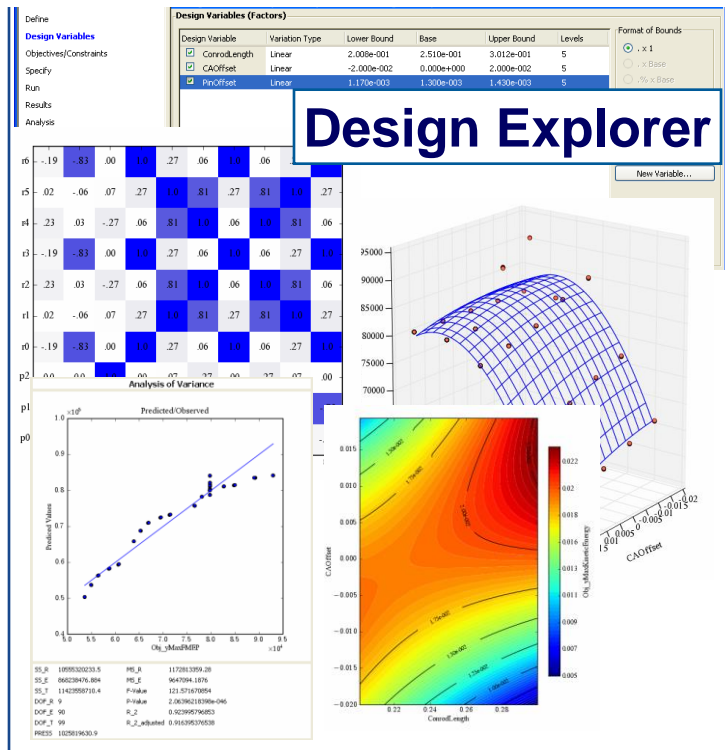
- gallery design
- coolant inlet / outlet
- fire deck geometry and coolant jacket design
- cylinder head gasket design (size, shape, location, number of holes)
- drillings between cylinders
- coolant mass flow

DOE AND OPTIMISATION USING AWS DESIGN EXPLORER

Benefit:

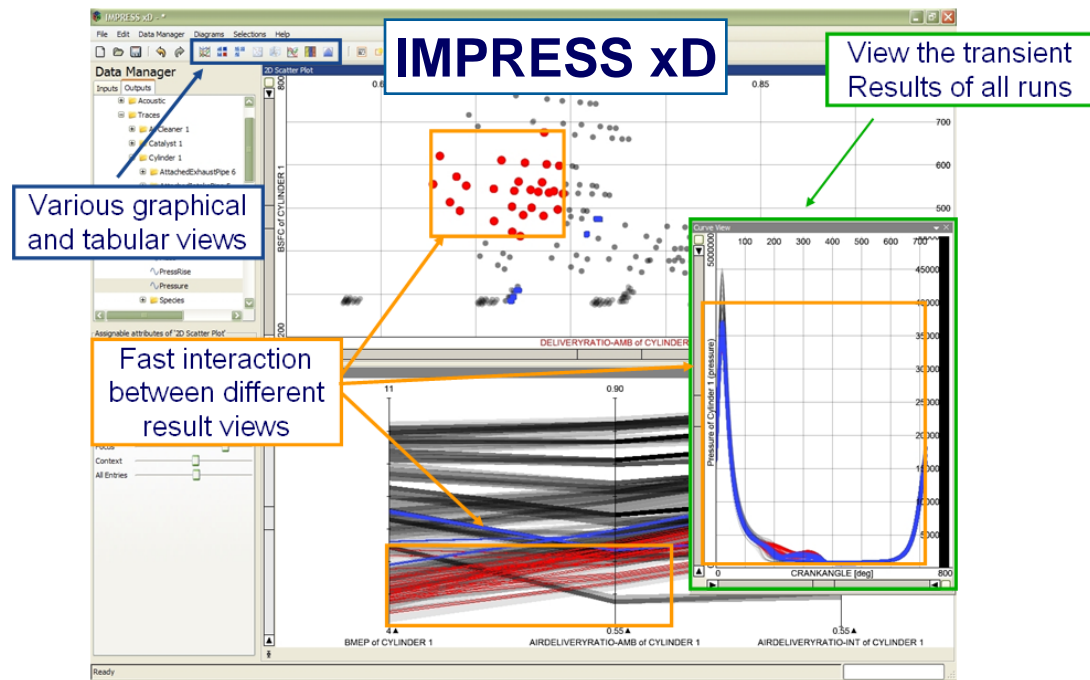
Integrated environment for basic application task of AVL's simulation products for

- Design Optimization
- Sensitivity Analysis
- Parameter Identification



Benefit:

- Interactive analysis of all DoE simulation results
- Fast interpretation of sensitivities



LIST OF CUSTOMERS (INCOMPLETE)

AVL's mathematical simulation software

**AUDI AISIN VW BMW TOYOTA TCRDL Bocar GM KTM DAIHATSU DC
 VOLVO HONDA FIAT TICO MAN PSA MAZDA RENAULT Ferrari VM Motori
 PORSCHE Siemens FORD Otosan BOSCH Federal Mogul GOETZE Duap ISEKI
 Ducati Indian Oil Perodua Tecumseh Mahindra&Mahindra Navistar RICARDO
 AE&E DENSO FAURECIA ARAI YANMAR TOKYO GAS OSAKA GAS ORDC OMG
 Krupp Metalurgica HMC / KIA Pankl Dr. Schrick Woodward Governor FINNVEDEN
 MANB&W IHI DOOSAN Infracore KHI DOOSAN Engine Futaba Industrial Lycee
 Claveille GMDAT RSMC HHI HEC IAE Scania Eagle Pilcher Cummins Wärtsilä
 TATA Motor KOEL HINO CRF Visteon NISSAN NTSEL NISSAN Diesel MMC
 Suncall ZeunaStaerker John Deere MHI Mercedes HPE Nippon Piston Ring Diesel
 United NIIGATA DAEDONG SYMC STX DongYang Piston SK DAEKI FAURECIA SERA
 Cars Fairbanks Morse L'Orange Int. Truck & Engine Corp. AshokLeyland DAIDO
 Metal Aichi Kikai Teikoku Piston Ring MITSUI Zosen OTICS ISUZU FUSO
 KOMATSU AISAN NICO Precision Kubota TVS HUT AvtoVAZ SanYang FAW
 Chery JAC KIER SAIC SAW Dalian DEW Binzhou Bohai Machinery Shindaiwa
 Kogyo Wuxi DEW Wuxi FIE Weifang DEW Shaan'xi DEW Jinan DEW ShanXi 70
 Inst. Shan Dong Piston Qianjiang Motor Zongshen Motor Jianshe Motor Yuling
 DEW RIKEN Wuxi Weifu Ajou Univ. Seoul National Univ. Kookmin Univ. Hanyang Univ.
 Sungkyunkwan Univ. CHANGWON Univ.**